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Pacific Store Co., Inc.

Lewis Levy, Manager.

SPECIAL SALE

OF LADIES' CORSETS

Ladies Corsets in odd sizes, black, white and drab.

Values up to $2.00 per pair. Sale Price **50c, 65c & 75c** per pair.

A Clearing Sale

—OF—

Summer Wash Goods

—FOR—

Shirt Waists & Shirt Waist Suits

Regular price 22c yard....Sale price 16c yard
Regular price 25c yard....Sale price 19c yard
Regular price 30c yard....Sale price 23c yard
Regular price 35c yard....Sale price 25c yard
Regular price 48c yard....Sale price 35c yard
Reg. price 65c 68c yd....Sale price 49c yard
Regular price 75c yard....Sale price 55c yard

We are sole agents for the American Lady Corsets and Sorosis Black Underskirts

We are having a phenomenal sale of Ladies' and Misses'

Hats at the Usual Half Price

We still have quite a selection. If you haven't bought one get in and save a few dollars.

A Dollar Saved is a Dollar Earned.

LEWIS LEVY

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS

Seattle Post-Intelligencer Says Products of Quillayute Will Soon Be Marketed in that City.

The dream of Port Angeles is now a fact. The Port Angeles & Peninsular Railway Company has completed arrangements for immediate construction, and within a few weeks the dirt will fly on the survey of the line projected east and west from that port, says the P. I. The P. A. & P. and the P.A. & O.Ry. Company are home organizations, and are to be commended for having effected terms with Eastern capital that will enable them to carry out their original plans for developing the vast resources of the Olympic region without surrendering control of the work, which will be prosecuted to a finish under their management.

It is evident the peninsula is to become an especially attractive field for investors. Already the Northern Pacific has started a proposed belt line from its Grays Harbor terminal which has reached Moclips on the coast, and will be extended soon to the Quillayute. Between Port Townsend and Quilcene it operates an unconnected link which is to be pushed on to Olympia at some day to be decided by the energy of its competitors, both of whom have engineering parties in the field. For this line the Northern Pacific is now asking of the Port Townsend council a right of way into the city.

A strategic step has also been taken by one of the other companies, presumably Harriman, in securing the privilege the Northern Pacific is now seeking. In the great timber zone of the Olympics the Milwaukee is purchasing thru agents large tracts of timber. A stranger reported to be a relative of a high official of the N. P. has bought considerable land on Discovery Bay, whether for a townsite or not remains to be revealed.

But while the transcontinental lines and their agents, as well as keen-scented investors, are prospecting a section of the state whose virgin resources scarcely have been touched, it is now assured that the local company has the capital necessary to complete the lines east and west of Angeles. By the franchise obtained the water front is rendered untenable to any possible competitor.

Port Angeles is to be made the milling center of the system. To a plant now having a daily output of 750,000 shingles are to be added immediately the mills of three new companies, of 250,000, 300,000, and 500,000 feet, respectively. This much as a beginning for what is intended to become the greatest lumber milling center in the state; perhaps in the world.

The possibilities of the manufacture of lumber are best summarized by the estimate of an official of one of the transcontinental roads. At the lowest Olympic forest reserve figures, as given by the government survey, fifty-two sections contain 1,664,000,000 feet, and an additional 100 sections of second grade hold 1,600,000,000 feet. At 20,000 feet per car 163,200 cars would be required to move this mass, and moving fifty cars a day for 300 days in the year it would require eleven years to clear this relatively small timber area which lies along Hoods canal.

Continued on Eighth Page.

Our Home-Made Candies are pure and wholesome; made fresh every day. Finest Chocolates ever in the town. Box candies. Fresh Fruits, Nuts and Berries.

Goldwater Bros.
Phone 3

"FLAG DAY"

Patriotic Entertainment by Civic Club and W. R. C. on Thursday Evening

The ladies of the Civic Club, assisted by the W. R. C., will give a patriotic entertainment at the opera house next Thursday, June 14th. The program includes "The New Church Organ," by Mrs. Hickok, which will be especially fine; "Jubilee Singers" by the High School Chorus; solos by Mrs. Troy and Mrs. Stacy, and other musical features. The flag drill and exercise will be given by a company of twenty girls, and tableaux will be presented as the closing feature. Admission 25c, proceeds to liquidate indebtedness of Civic Club, and for the summer manual training school.

Everyone is requested to display the colors—either flags or bunting—in stores and houses on Flag Day.

$8,000 Worth of Poles

The four-mast schooner, J. H. Lunsmann, which has been here for some time loading poles, left Monday for Santa Rosa, Mexico, where they are to be used for mining props. She had in her hold and on deck a cargo of about 400,000 feet, sufficient to reach from Angeles nearly to Seattle. Mr. Woods says he has paid out about $8,000 for her cargo and loading. He has other contracts in view of slightly different nature, work upon the first of which will be commenced in a short time.

Board Lets Contracts

J. B. Iverson was awarded the contract for the county bridge across Lake creek, near Shuwah, his bid of $323 being the lowest. Louis Hahn and Lars A. Alvig, and W. L. Ferguson were also bidders. Mr. Iverson specified hemlock at the above price, but agreed to substitute fir at an additional cost of $50.

The county printing contract was awarded to the Olympic-Leader for the ensuing year.

The sale of the P. A. P. right of way, road bed and franchises was postponed by order of the court last Saturday, and will be held tomorrow at 10 a. m. Later the rolling stock will be sold to settle minor accounts and costs, the road proper going to satisfy the Hofius claim.

"Vienna" Sausage 10c the can, at Seevers Cash Store.

CLASS OF SIX TO GRADUATE

Commencement Exercises Will Be Held Tuesday, June 12, at the Opera House.

The annual commencement exercises, crowning event of the school year, will be held at the opera house next Tuesday evening, June 12th. The class this year comprises Clarence Gehrke, Lyman McDonald, Grace Ross, Herbert Wood, Robert Bown, and Lloyd McKechnie. The program follows.

PROGRAM.

Overture, "Bits of Remick's Hits" .....J. B. Lampe
High School Orchestra.
Invocation.....Rev. Geo. N. Edwards
Salutatory, "The Evolution of the Steamship".....Clarence Gehrke
Chorus, "Commencement".....Pinsuti
High School.
Essay, "The Struggle for Existence".....Lyman McDonald
Essay, "The Opportunity of Youth" .....Gracie Ross
Violin Solo, "Poet and Peasant".... F.F.Suppe, ar'g'd by Wichtl
Miss Florence Elliott.
Oration, "Luther Burbank and His New Creations".....Herbert Wood
Serenade, "Moonlight".....Neil Moret
High School Orchestra.
Essay, "Unappreciated Patriotism".....Fred Bown
Piano Solo, "Polka de Concert" ..... Bartlett
Miss Maud Hirsch.
Valedictory, "Highway Transportation".....Lloyd McKechnie
Trio, 'Twilight".....Franz Abt
Misses Leah Myers, Bernice Allen, and Irene McDonald.
Presentation of Diplomas ....Supt. L. E. Mahaffy
Overture, "I'm Trying Hard to Forget You".....Chas. S. Harris

HONORS OF THE CLASS.

First honor, Lloyd McKechnie, 87 per ct.
Second honor, Clarence Gehrke, 85 per ct.
Class Average, four years, 83 per ct.

Constipation makes the cold drag along. Get it out of you. Take Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar cough syrup. Contains no opiates. C. E. Nailor & Co.

Try a pair of Billy Buster Boys' Shoes, Steel Shod. Will outwear two pairs of any other boys' shoe in town. For sale by S. J. Lutz & Co.

T. S. BROPHY & CO.
Phone 33

High Grade

COFFEE

We have built up our trade by carrying only the best brands of Coffee.

M. J. B. — A high grade (sealed cans) 1 lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; 3 lbs $1.00.

Golden Gate Coffee — Always uniform 1 lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c.

Schilling's Best Coffee — Carefully blended, 1 lb. 40c; 3 lbs $1.00.

Barrington Hall Coffee — Has a cup quality, 40c lb.

Kona Coffee (our leader). Has a decided strength, 25c.

Try Us for Your Coffee Wants

T. S. Brophy & Co.
Opera House Block

Manual Training School

A manual training school for girls of all ages will be held during six weeks of the summer vacation, four afternoons of each week. There will be classes in physical culture, painting, embroidery, sewing, etc., ladies of the Civic Club, specially qualified in these lines, acting as instructors. It is said the schools of Angeles and Townsend are the only ones in the state not including this line of work in their courses, and it is hoped to create such an interest, and to so prove the advantages of manual training, that it will be a regular feature in the Angeles schools hereafter. No charge will be made for instruction, the good work being taken up by the Civic Club, the ladies of which are now busy creating a fund for the purpose.

At the last meeting of the club, Mrs. L. T. Haynes was elected 2nd vice-president.

BIGGEST

Fourth of July

CELEBRATION

Ever held in Clallam County.

Come to the County Seat and Enjoy the Day

BIG BALLOON ASCENSION

With Parachute Jump. Size of Balloon 110 feet by 140 feet.

TIGHT WIRE PERFORMANCE

BAND CONCERT BALL GAME

SMALL SPORTS of all kinds with liberal prizes

GRAND BALL IN OPERA HOUSE

Excursion to and from Victoria.

Don't miss this day of sight-seeing in Port Angeles.

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles. - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

The house, under suspension of the rules, passed a bill creating a United States district court for China and prescribing its jurisdiction.

A. F. Zipp, northern manager of the Northern Commercial Company, estimates the gold production of the Fairbanks country for 1906 at $14,000,000.

The strike of wiremen and electricians of the Twin City and Northwestern Telephone companies, which has been on at St. Paul for about a month, has been declared off.

The senate has passed the bill authorizing the allotment of lands of the Blackfoot Indian reservation in Montana and providing for the opening of the surplus lands to settlement.

J. P. Clum, recently appointed postmaster at Fairbanks, has declared his intention of being a candidate before the Republican convention at Juneau for delegate in congress from Alaska.

Upon application of the directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, the justices of the appellate division of the supreme court in Brooklyn have unanimously decided to permit the directors' plan of mutualiaztion to be carried out.

H. H. Rogers, William Rockefeller, James Stillman, A. R. Flower, A. C. Burrage, G. H. Church, H. H. Rogers, Jr., and J. E. Judson, have been elected directors for Amalagmated Copper Company. The annual report showed net income for year ended April 30 to be $9,161,537.

Arkansas Republicans have nominated John Worthington for governor. It was decided to refrain from nominating other state officers.

The senate has passed the Knox immunity bill and the omnibus lighthouse bill, and with practically no debate passed the military academy bill.

The British battleship Montagu struck on the rocks at Lundie last Wednesday, and it is believed cannot be refloated. All the members of the crew were saved.

At a meeting of the Liverpool health board it was stated that samples of American and other than American canned meat have been submitted weekly for bacteriological examination with the result that no ground for apprehension has been discovered.

The Tokyo correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph quotes the Japanese newspaper Ashimbun in asserting that the government has decided to raise a loan with a view to subsidizing large companies exporting cotton, cement, matches, beer, timber, etc., to Manchuria. The government will also arrange favorable railway and steamship rates.

F. D. COBURN APPOINTED SENATOR FROM KANSAS

Topeka, Kan., June 5.—Foster Dwight Coburn was appointed United States senator late yesterday afternoon by Gov. Hoch to succeed J. R. Burton, who resigned earlier in the day. Mr. Coburn has not definitely accepted, nor was he a candidate for the appointment.

He has for the last sixteen years served as secretary of the Kansas state board of agriculture and is well known all over the country for his agricultural reports. His home is in Kansas City, Kan. He was commissioner of live stock exhibits at the St. Louis exposition.

The appointment came as a surprise, but is meeting with general satisfaction all over Kansas, Mr. Coburn being probably the most popular man in the Republican party in the state.

Senator Burton placed his resignation in the hands of Gov. Hoch after a conference here yesterday with several close friends, but declined to talk for publication.

ODD FELLOWS ELECT.

Chester F. Miller of Dayton to Be Grand Master.

Seattle, June 6.—The number of Odd Fellows, who have been steadily pouring into the city from all parts of Washington to attend the conventions being held here, was considerably increased yesterday, when a large number arrived to attend the meeting of the grand lodge, which convened at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. At the meeting Chester F. Miller, of Dayton, formerly deputy grand master, was elected grand master; Joseph A. Graham, of Aberdeen, deputy grand master; L. J. Birdseye, of Spokane, grand warden; L. F. Hart, grand secretary; and H. S. Holmes, of Seattle, grand treasurer. F. R. McLaren, former grand master, of Seattle, was elected grand representative to the sovereign grand lodge, which meets in Toronto next September. After a lengthy discussion in regard to the matter of choosing a place for the next I. O. O. F. convention, to be held in 1907, Spokane was decided upon.

WASHINGTON NEWS

The state encampment of Odd Fellows and the annual meeting of the Rebekahs convened in Seattle Monday.

According to the Tacoma Ledger 500 men will be employed in the proposed Du Pont powder factory to be erected at the mouth of the Nisqually river.

The congregation of the First Baptist Church of Seattle have decided to build a new church building, to cost approximately $90,000. A large portion of the amount has been subscribed.

Under orders from Chief of Police Wappenstein a crusade against reckless drivers was instituted at Seattle Monday and by noon fifty teamsters had been apprehended while driving around street intersections at a speed faster than a walk.

The state auditor's monthly statement of receipts and disbursements for May shows total receipts $123,697.86 and disbursements $308,195.15. Among the disbursements, however, appears an item of $200,000 for state bonds redeemed, the state bonded debt being reduced by this amount.

Because a number of important witnesses are said to be in Alaska, United States District Attorney Frye Monday asked for a continuance of the case against George Edward Adams until the latter part of November or December. The hearing had previously been set for June 19. The case was reset for November 20.

Tacoma and Seattle high school and Vashon college cadets went into camp at American lake Thursday. They are following the army routine.

The Seattle city engineer's office has asked for $2,500,000 for an additional pipe line from Cedar Lake and storage reservoirs capable of holding 200,000,000 gallons.

An effort is being made by Everett and Mukilteo business men for the building of a good wagon road between the two towns. The county commissioners are being urged to build the ruad this summer.

A favorable report has been made by the house committee on public lands on the Jones bill confirming the title to thirty-three additional homestead entries on the abandoned Columbia river Indian reservation, in Okanogan county.

Stone & Webster, of Boston, owners of the street railway systems in Tacoma and Seattle and the Seattle-Tacoma Interurban line, have begun the construction of another power plant at Buckley, on the White river, which is to furnish additional power for their electric lines.

The secretary of state's office is just completing the task of mailing postal c ard notifications to corporations reminding them that the $10 annual license fee is due on July 1. About 10,000 notification cards have been sent, this number representing what are termed "live" corporations. There are altogether about 18,000 corporations in the state.

WILL EXPOSE THE GUILTY.

Bay City Chamber of Commerce Goes After Insurance Companies.

San Francisco, June 4.—At a meeting of the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce a set of resolutions was adopted bearing on the insurance situation. Organizations attempting to evade their obligations, or to put off their claimants, will be exposed by the Chamber of Commerce and their names will be sent to other commercial associations throughout the country.

These resolutions, after stating the problems in insurance which have arisen in San Francisco since the disaster, and the difficulty which is encountered by policyholders in securing information as to the policy or intentions of the insurance companies, requests members of the chamber to furnish the secretary of the board of trustees of the organization all information bearing on these questions, with a view to sending the same to the chambers of commerce and other similar organizations in the cities of the United States.

CONFERENCE REJECTED LUMBER AMENDMENT

Washington, June 2.—The conference committee on the railroad rate bill has knocked out Senator Piles' amendment which permitted lumber companies to own and operate logging roads and spurs connecting with trunk lines. This puts the lumber industry on an equal footing with coal producers so far as the rate law is concerned and entirely segregates production from transportation.

Railroad Telephone Service.

Vancouver, B. C., June 2.—A telephone system from ocean to ocean will be constructed by the Grand Trunk Pacific, according to news received here from Montreal, the headquarters of the company. It has been decided that the new transcontinental road shall be equipped with a modern telephone system, as well as all the latest instruments known to telegraphy.

Retains Alaska Appropriation.

Washington, June 4.—The army appropriation bill, which was reported from the conference committee yesterday, contains the senate amendment appropriating $179,000 for the extension of the Alaska cable in the southeastern part of the territory and the additional appropriation for construction of roads and trails in Alaska.

AS TO STOCKYARDS

PRESIDENT SENDS PRELIMINARY REPORT TO CONGRESS.

Says Present Meat Inspection Is Inadequate and that Changes are Necessary in the Interest of Decency—Congress Should Take Immediate Action.

Washington, June 5.—The following message of President Roosevelt concerning conditions in the Chicago stock yards was delivered to congress yesterday:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: I transmit herewith the report of Mr. James Bronson Reynolds and Commissioner Charles P. Neill, the special committee whom I appointed to investigate the conditions in the stock yards of Chicago, and report thereon to me.

This report is of a preliminary nature. I submit it to you because it shows the urgent need of immediate action by congress in the direction of providing a drastic and thorough-going inspection by the federal government of all stockyards and packing houses and of their products so far as the latter enter into interstate or foreign commerce.

The conditions shown by even this short inspection to exist in the Chicago stock yards are revolting. It is imperatively necessary, in the interest of decency, that they should be radically changed. Under the existing law it is wholly impossible to secure satisfactory results.

Shows Law Defective.

When my attention was first directed to this matter an investigation was made under the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture. When the preliminary statements of this investigation were brought to my attention they showed such defects in the law and such wholly unexpected conditions that I deemed it best to have a further and immediate investigation by men not connected with the bureau, and accordingly appointed Messrs. Reynolds and Neill. It was impossible under the existing law that satisfactory work should be done by the bureau of animal industry. I am now, however, examining the way in which the work actually was done.

Before I had received the report of Messrs. Reynolds and Neill I had directed that labels be placed on any package of meat food products should state only that the carcasses of the animals from which the meat was taken had been inspected at the time of slaughter. If inspection of meat food products at all stages of preparation is not secured by the passage of legislation recommended I shall feel compelled to order that inspection labels and certificates on canned products shall not be used hereafter.

The report shows that the stock yards and packing houses are not kept even reasonably clean, and that the method of handling and preparing food products is uncleanly and dangerous to health.

Government Powerless.

Under existing laws the government has no power to enforce inspection of the many forms of prepared meat food products that are daily going from the packing houses into interstate commerce. Owing to the inadequate appropriation the department of agriculture is not even able to place inspectors in all establishments desiring that.

The present law prohibits the shipment of uninspected meat to foreign countries, but there is no provision forbidding the shipment of uninspected meats in interstate commerce, and thus the avenues of interstate commerce are left open to traffic in diseased or spoiled meats.

If, as has been alleged on seemingly good authority, further evils exist, such as the improper use of chemicals and dyes the government lacks power to remedy them. A law is needed which will enable the inspectors of the general government to inspect and supervise from the hoof to the can the meat food products.

The evil seems to be much less in the sale of dressed carcasses than in the sale of canned and other prepared products, and very much less as regards products sent abroad than as regards those used at home.

Reason for Fee System.

In my judgment the expense of the inspection should be paid by a fee levied on each animal slaughtered. If this is not done, the whole purpose of the law can at any time be defeated through an insufficient appropriation, and whenever there is no particular interest in the subject it would not only be easy but natural to make the appropriation insufficient. If it were not for this consideration I should favor the government paying for the inspection.

The alarm expressed in certain quarters concerning this feature should be allayed by a realization that in no case, under such a law, will the cost of inspection exceed 8 cents per head.

I call special attention to the fact that this report is preliminary, and that the investigation is still unfinished. It is not yet possible to report on the alleged abuses in the use of deleterious chemical compounds in connection with canning and preserving meat products, nor on the alleged doctoring in this fashion of tainted meat and of products returned to the packers as having grown unsalable from age or from other reasons. Grave allegations are made in reference to the abuses of this nature.

Legislation Needed.

Let me repeat that under the present law there is no method of stopping these abuses if they should be discovered to exist. Legislation is needed in order to prevent the possibility of all abuses in the future. If no legislation is passed, then the excellent results accomplished by the work of this special committee will endure only so long as the memory of the commission's work is fresh, and recrudescence of the abuses is absolutely certain.

I urge the immediate enactment into law of provisions which will enable the department of agriculture adequately to inspect the meat and meat-food products entering into interstate commerce and to supervise methods of preparing the same, and to prescribe the sanitary conditions under which the work shall be performed.

I therefore commend to your favorable consideration and urge the enactment of substantially the provisions known as amendment No. 29 to the act making appropriations for the department of argiculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907, as passed by the senate, this amendment being commonly known as the Beveridge amendment.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Chicago, June 5.—Eight of the big packing establishments of Chicago last night issued a statement replying to the charges made in the Neill-Reynolds report of the invetsigation of the packing plants and President Roosevelt's message to congress. The packers declare that the animals killed undergo rigid federal inspection both before and after slaughter and that the methods of the packing houses are entirely sanitary.

PACKERS PLAN TO "GET EVEN" WITH PRESIDENT

Chicago, June 6.—The political destruction of President Roosevelt and all who acknowledge alliance with him in his fight on the packers is the plan of the millionaire proprietors of America's great industry. As soon as J. Ogden Armour returns from Europe the heads of the big concerns will meet to arrange their plan of action.

It contemplates the enlistment of all trusts and corporations at whom the administrative guns have been pointed. With a powerful organiaztion and with the millions invested in the big industries, the captains of finance will endeavor to capture the machinery of whichever of the two big political parties may be most effectively utilized.

According to a leading lawyer for the packers, who was engaged in their defense in the recent trial before Judge Humphrey, the great capitalists of this country declare that Mr. Roosevelt is no longer to be trusted to represent their interests. Lately he has shown tendencies that are dangerously socialistic, they aver, and has demonstrated the peril of electing a man of radical mind to the presidency.

The Things He Has Done.

The lawyer is the recognized spokesman for the packers, but he refuses to permit the use of his name for political reasons. He says:

"President Roosevelt has done all he can to ruin the great financial interests of this country. He has hounded the coal mine owners, persecuted the railroads and pursued the packers with an animosity due, apparently to enmity engendered by his defeat in the business when he tried to become a packer.

"He has loaned himself to the practical destruction of insurance companies, and in other ways demonstrated his unfitness.

"This last move means that the live stock raisers, the Western farmers and the packers will unite against him, for his ruination of America's foreign meat trade will hurt the farmers as badly as it does the packers.

"With this nucleus will begin operations of irresistable force in politics which will defeat all radicals who play to the galleries at the expense of capital.

"It is certain that if Roosevelt remains the leader of the Republican party the big capitalists will be afraid to make contributions to the campaign fund. If it becomes necessary to abandon the Republican party, the Democratic leaders are always ready to adopt reasonable measures."

TO DEMAND MILLIONS.

Government Will Try to Collect Big Fines for Rebating.

Washington, June 4—Fines amounting to several million dollars will be sought by the government against the railroads shown by the Garfield report to have been guilty of granting favors to the Standard Oil Company. This report, with added details, has gone to the department of justice, and it is asserted that waybills, bills of lading, shipping records and other documents accompanying it form a complete chain of evidence on which to base prosecutions.

Specific cases showing the granting of rebates on shipments aggregating more than 2,000 cars will be alleged. Recently the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road was fined $1,000 a car for six cars of shipments upon which rebates were given. No imprisonment penalty covered this act, but if this is made the standard of fines, the government hopes to teach the violators a lesson.

One of the most flagrant cases upon which much evidence is at hand are shipments made from Whiting, Ind., to St. Louis for the Waters-Pierce Oil Company. False waybills and discriminating rates are alleged to have been used between these points for ten years, last year alone saving the Standard Oil Company $224,000.

AGREE ON RATE BILL

CONFERENCE REPORT PRESENTED TO BOTH HOUSES.

Majority of Senate Amendments Are Retained—Interstate Passes are Prohibited—Express and Pipe Line Business Covered. Penal Provisions Retained.

Washington, June 4—In practically all esential details the conferees on the railroad rate bill agreed to the measure as it passed the senate. The report was signed late Saturday and almost immediately presented to both houses. It shows that the senate receded from six amendments, two of which merely change the numbers of sections, while twenty-eight of its amendments were retained verbatim and the remaining seventeen were redrafted and retained under different phraseology.

The disposition of the principal amendments in the order in which they appear in the bill follows:

The first amendment is that making pipe lines common carriers. It was stricken out and included in the amendment making express companies common carriers, sleeping car companies having been eliminated, so that the amendment now reads:

"The term 'common carrier' as used in this act shall include express companies and all persons or corporations engaged in the transportation of oil by pipe lines or partly by pipe lines and partly by railroad or partly by pipe lines and partly by water.

Passes Totally Forbidden.

The next amendment is that prohibiting passes. It was entirely redrafted, made much more stringent, all excepted classes being eliminated, and either to issue or receive free transportation was made a misdemeanor. The amendment is as follows:

"No carrier subject to the provisions of this act shall after January 1, 1907, directly or indirectly issue or give any interstate free ticket, free pass or free transportation for passage. Any carrier violating this provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine not exceeding $1,000; and any person who uses, solicits or accepts for himself or another any such interstate free ticket, free pass or free transportation shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be subject to a like penalty."

The Elkins commodity amendment was retained practically in the form originally agreed upon, and the provision later inserted eliminating timber and the manufactured products thereof were stricken out. As agreed to the amendment provides that after May 1, 1908, it shall be unlawful for any common carrier to transport any article or commodity manufactured, mined or produced by it or produced under its authority, or which it may own in whole or in part, or in which it may have an interest, direct or indirect, except such articles or commodities as may be intended for its own use in the conduct of its own business.

Connect With All Lines.

The requirement that common carriers shall, upon application of any shipper, construct and operate switch connections with private sidetracks was amended to include the applications of lateral or branch lines of railroads

The senate amendments, twenty in number, relating to the publication of schedules of rates and charges of all kinds were agreed to.

Penal Sections Retained.

The original penal sections of the interstate commerce law, which were repealed by the Elkins law and placed in the bill by the senate, were retained. The senate amendment, however, was amended by striking out the words "knowingly and willfully" in the provision relating to offering or accepting rebates, concessions or discriminations.

All the senate amendments to section 4, which is the rate making section, were retained. Among these are several relationg to the Allison compromise. The most important includes the striking out of the words "in its judgment" and the words "and fairly remunerative."

Mukden Opened to Trade.

Tokyo, June 4.—Mukden was formally opened Friday to international trade. The occasion was widely celebrated. The Chinese General Chao and Japanese Consul General Hagawira, representing their respective governments, exchanged most cordial greetings. The authorities are busy drafting harbor regulations for Tairen, the new Japanese name for Port Dalny, and as soon as they are completed that port will be opened to international trade. Japan proposes to develop the commercial value of Tairen to the greatest possible extent.

Old Flag of First Infantry Found.

Olympia, June 6.—The flag carried by the First Washington infantry volunteer reginment has been found and identified and will be deposited with the other historic battle flags now on display in the governor's office in the capitol building. The flag was found some weeks ago in the state arsenal by Major Brown, the governor's private secretary, and has now been positively identified by a letter from former Adjutant General R. G. O'Brien, who lives in San Francisco. The flag is badly dilapidated, but is highly prized.

UNION PACIFIC SURVEY.

Work of Locating Line Begins at Tacoma and Chehalis.

Tacoma, June 4.—Engineer Russell Chase, who is in charge of construction work for the Union Pacific railroad, has returned from Seattle, where he has been for three or four days in consultation with officials of the Harriman lines regarding work on the lines in Tacoma and between Tacoma and Portland. Mr. Chase says two surveying crews will begin work on the Tacoma-Portland survey immediately. One crew will begin four or five miles out of the city limits and work toward Chehalis and Centralia. The other crew will work from Chehalis south toward Portland. They will make a definite location.

"I cannot say just what route they will map out," said Mr. Chase, "but they will, of course, seek the lowest grade and the shortest line to Portland. Until this survey is completed, or at least further advanced than it is at present, we will be unable to give any additional information regarding the course of our line out of Tacoma

"The surveying work will begin today, or, rather, the surveying parties will be sent out on this line today and the work on the route from Tacoma to Portland will be rushed. There are a great many details to be worked out before construction begins, and it will probably be during the latter part of the fall months that the first dirt will be thrown."

SENATE PASSES NAVY APPROPRIATION BILL

Washington, June 6.— The senate yesterday took up and passed the naval appropriation bill. There was no discussion until the provision for a new monster warship was reached. Senator Hale said that the provision was different from most legislation for new ships in that it makes no limitations in any respect. He said that the provision is loosely drawn and it would take six months to make plans for the vessel. He also said that the final cost of the vessel, armor and armament included, would be about $110,000,000, or twice that of the Oregon.

Senator Tillman thought it time to call a halt in the increase of the cost and size of vessels.

"We are getting bigger and bigger, like the frog that tried to emulate the ox," he said, "and if we don't look out some day we will pop."

The only important amendment to the rate bill requires the secretary of the navy to submit plans for the proposed big warships to congress before proceeding with its construction. The bill carries an appropriation of $103,117,670.

There is no doubt that the rate bill will be sent back to conference. Senator Tillman admitted that some of the changes made in conference cannot be justified under the rules, but said that they had been necessary in order to make the bill harmonious.

The senate voted to indefinitely postpone a joint resolution providing for an amendment to the constitution which would permit congress to enact uniform marriage and divorce laws. The resolution was reported adversely from the committee on judiciary by Senator Nelson.

Consular Report on Seattle.

Washington, June 6.—The department of commerce and labor has received from the British foreign office a copy of a recent report written by the British vice consul at Seattle. The report says that Seattle in 1905 exceeded all records in commercial and financial growth and in manuafcturing and that a marvelous future is assured for the whole Puget sound region.

Land Office Appointments.

Washington, June 2.—Three land office appointments have been made for Washington, one being a new appointee and the others reappointments. Frank A. Twitchell was nominated to succeed L. B. Andrews as receiver of the Seattle land office. J. Henry Smith was nominated to succeed himself as register of the same office, and Alex J. Cook was renominated for the receivership at Vancouver.

Canal Bill Goes to President.

Washington, June 6. — The Lake Washington canal bill was passed by the house yesterday, and only the president's signature is lacking to make it a law. Representative Jones called it from the speaker's table during the afternoon and moved that it be passed. No objection whatever was raised by any member, and there was no vote against the bill.

Rockefellers Sail.

New York, June 2.—John D. Rockefeller and party have sailed for Europe on the steamer Deutschland. Mrs. Rockefeller was dressed in colors for the first time in years. The magnate was happy. "I feel all right," he said. "I want to be fiendly, but I can't say anything."

Adopts Piles Amendments.

Washington, June 4.—The omnibus lighthouse bill, which was passed by the senate yesterday, included all the amendments offered by Senator Piles affecting the north coast, as well as the items included in the bill as it came from the house.

Train Robbers Sentenced.

Vancouver, B. C., June 4.—A dispatch from Kamloops says Bill Miner, alias Edwards, and two other train robbers have been found guilty. Edwards and William Dunn were sentenced for life and Lewis Colquhoun for twenty-five years.

Buy Hair at Auction?

At any rate, you seem to be getting rid of it on auction-sale principles: "going, going, g-o-n-e!" Stop the auction with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It certainly checks falling hair; no mistake about this. It acts as a regular medicine; makes the scalp healthy. Then you must have healthy hair, for it's nature's way.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

BEST BY TEST

"I have tried all kinds of waterproof clothing and have never found anything at any price to compare with your Fish Brand for protection from all kinds of weather."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had upon application)

Highest Award World's Fair, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO. Boston, U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED Toronto, Canada

The Sign of the Fish TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing

951

Among the curious records of old colonial days is an inventory of the goods of a certain Dutch burgher of New Amsterdam, who included among his household possessions thirteen scrubbing brushes, thirty-one rubbing brushes, "seven other brushes," and twenty-four pounds of Spanish soap. The picture presented to the imagination by such a formidable array of implements may be supplemented by another, drawn a century later, evidently by a not wholly unprejudiced eye witness of what he describes. "The husband gone, the ceremony begins—walls are stripped of their furniture, paintings, prints, looking glasses, lie in huddled heaps about floors; curtains are torn from testers, beds crammed into windows; chairs and tables, bedsteads and cradles, crowd the yard; and the garden fence bends beneath the weight of carpets, blankets, cloth cloaks, old coats, under petticoats and ragged breeches. This ceremony complete and the house thoroughly renovated, the next operation is to smear the walls and ceilings with brushes dropped into a solution of lime called whitewash, to pour buckets of water over the floor, and scratch all the partitions and wainscots with hard brushes charged with soft soap or stone-cutter's sand." Small wonder that the good man prudently retires! Ladies looking forward to such a strenuous day are hardly in the frame of mind for light and easy conversation. But—wonder of these wonderful days!—there is now a queer machine that rattles and throbs in the street while its long black pipes, climbing into upper windows of a building, proclaim the passing of the old-fashioned housecleaning. The vacuum-cleaners, joining the long procession of labor savers—sewing machines, cooking and dishwashing machines, mangles, carpet sweepers, bread mixers, and countless others—are banishing one more drudgery. Certainly woman's work is constantly growing physically easier. Whether the more exacting demands of an age which changes its fashions every few months and its fads every few hours counterbalances its advantages may be an open question. But one thing is certain—the woman wise enough and resolute enough to choose the best has in these days a freedom from drudgery and a consequent opportunity never dreamed of by her sister of a hundred, or even fifty, years ago.

Her Wish.

"The automobile will yet put the horse out of business," said the motor enthusiast.

"I wish it would hurry up," answered young Mrs. Torkins. "It would save Charley a lot of trouble with the bookmakers."—Washington Star.

SEVEN YEARS AGO

A Rochester Chemist Found a Singularly Effective Medicine.

William A. Franklin, of the Franklin & Palmer Chemical Co., Rochester, N. Y., writes:

"Seven years ago I was suffering very much through the failure of the kidneys to eliminate the uric acid from my system. My back was very lame and ached if I overexerted myself in the least degree. At times I was weighed down with a feeling of languor and depression and suffered continually from annoying irregularities of the kidney secretions.

I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. I found prompt relief from the aching and lameness in my back, and by the time I had taken three boxes I was cured of all irregularities."

Sold by all dealers; 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

1402—Battle of Nisbeth between English and Scotch forces.

1429—Siege of Orleans abandoned.

1487—Lambert, an impostor, crowned at Dublin as Edward VI.

1494—Columbus discovered the island of Jamaica.

1502—Columbus sailed from Cadiz in search of a passage to the South Sea.

1568—Mary, Queen of Scots, escaped from Loch Leven Castle.

1590—Siege of Paris begun by Henry IV.

1646—Charles I. surrendered to the Scots.

1657—Cromwell declined the title of king.

1682—William Penn published his frame of government for the colony of Pennsylvania.

1724—Coronation of Catherine, Empress of Russia.

1734—Treves taken by the French.

1745—Treaty concluded between France, Spain, Naples and Genoa.

1757—Prussians defeated Austrians at battle of Prague.

1767—Prof. Cassini discovered the revolution of Venus.

1776—American Congress declared English authority over the colonies abolished.

1778—Battle between Americans and British at Bordentown, N. J.

1789—Opening of States-General at Versailles. Marked beginning of French Revolution.

1794—Postoffice Department established by United States Congress.

1795—Tax on wearing hair powder went into effect in England.

1804—Empire formed in France.

1808—Insurrection in Madrid, Spain.

1830—Treaty signed with Turkey to secure to United States free navigation of the Black Sea.

1840—Tornado in Adams county, Mississippi; 100 killed; $1,000,000 in property destroyed.

1842—Great fire at Hamburg. Lasted three days.

1846—Gen. Taylor defeated the Mexicans at Resaca de la Palma.

1853—New planet discovered by Prof. Luther....City of Schiraz, Persia, destroyed by an earthquake.

1861—Secession of Tennessee from the Union.

1862—Battle of Williamsburg.

1863—Battle of Chancellorsville, Va.

1871—Treaty of Washington.

1875—Verdict of acquittal ended impeachment trial of President of Mexico.

1882—Parnell, Dillon and O'Kelly released from imprisonment.

1887—Osman Digna, Mahdi warrior, captured by Arabs.

1890—Oklahoma organized as a territory.

1897—U. S. Senate rejected treaty of arbitration with Great Britain..... Universal Postal Congress assembled at Washington, D. C.

1898—China paid the last of the war indemnity to Japan.

1905—Steamer Falk wrecked off Lands End; 97 drowned.

Labor Notes.

A general advance in wages will be asked by the operatives in the cotton mills in several Massachusetts cities soon.

An iron and steel company at Parryville, Pa., has voluntarily raised the wages of its men 10 and 15 cents a day. Seventy-five men are affected.

A contractor on the Western Pacific railroad in Butte county, Cal., has discharged 700 Japanese laborers and employed whites in their places.

The Carbondale (Pa.) painters' strike has been settled, the contractors agreeing to the men's demands. Wages are now $2.75 a day, an increase of 25 cents.

Members of the local unions of the United Garment Workers of America have been asked to contribute to the fund for the union label agitation now under way in Chicago.

American Federation of Labor organizers expect to institute several new unions in Allentown, Pa., within the next few weeks. Seven applications for charters are now on the list.

Organized labor of Seattle, Wash., will build and conduct a steam laundry as the result of agitation against the present establishments, which work the help long hours and give poor pay.

The referendum vote of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union was in favor of holding a general convention this year. Milwaukee, Wis., was selected as the place and June 18 as the date for beginning the session.

The Australian federal Parliament has adopted the union label clause of the trademarks bill, under which trade unions may secure the protection of their labels. The debate on the proposition was the longest in the history of the Parliament.

Contractors and builders in all parts of Lancaster county, Pa., declare that not, for many years, has there been such activity in building operations. Every available carpenter, mason, bricklayer and painter is at work, with the prospects bright for a continuance of steady employment during the entire summer and fall.

THE THRIFTY YANKEE MIND.

Diplomacy of Ex-Minister E. J. Phelps with a Vermont Farmer.

E. J. Phelps, former United States Minister to England, was building a new stable on his home place at Burlington, Vt. He wanted to put it on the line of his property, and in doing so tore down part of a stone wall which marked the boundary and which stood half on his land and half on the land adjoining.

The workmen, instead of otherwise disposing of the stone, as they had been ordered to do, threw it over the line, and Mr. Phelps feared trouble with his neighbor, who was a close-fisted person, of a temper none too sweet and very jealous of his rights. As Mr. Phelps was observing the progress of the work on his stable one day he saw his neighbor looking rather cross at him, as he thought, and went over to him prepared to make his peace as best he might, having it in mind to say that he would haul away the stone at his own cost, which would have been quite an expensive undertaking.

But he did not propose that at once. He went at it another way.

"Good morning, neighbor," said he, "I have been meaning to speak to you about that stone for some time. I suppose it isn't worth anything?"

The suggestion of possible value had its immediate effect on the thrifty Yankee mind, as, perhaps, the diplomatist had thought it might.

"Waal, yaas, Mr. Phelps, I sh'd think that thar stun might be wuth quite a good deal fer buildin' pupposes."

"I'm glad to know that," said Phelps, "but I can't use it as well as you can. You are entirely welcome to my half of it."

So the result of that interview was peace, and not war.

WITH A MOTIVE.

Swiss guides have a way of flattering travelers, a beguiling habit much appreciated until one learns the motive of it. Mrs. E. T. Cook says, in her book of travels, called "From a Holiday Journal," that Simond, her guide, expressed great admiration for her powers of walking.

"Madame climbs like a chamois," said he.

She was delighted, until she remembered that this might be the custom of the profession. Like the children in Heine's ballad, guides had probalby

Made the very same speeches
To many an old cat since.

One day Mrs. Cook and her husband started on another expedition, this time accompanied by two guides, Simond and Bertrand. The latter a tall, silent young fellow, also pretended to be lost in amazement at madam's walking.

"Monsieur and madame ought certainly to ascend Mont Blanc," said Simond. "Madame would do it capitally."

"She would, indeed," said Bertrand.

"Madame would be very proud of ascending Mont Blanc," continued Simond. "Would she not, Bertrand?"

Bertrand spoke gravely: "Two good guides can safely take any one—any old gentleman or lady—up Mont Blanc."

This was not so flattering, but Simond continued:

"It is a mere nothing of an expedition. It may affect madame unpleasantly at first; she may be a little sick with mountain sickness, that is all. She may turn a little black in the face. But we will get her to the top."

"Yes," Bertrand concluded, pensively, "two good guides could do it.'

He Got Even.

A waiter, with parts of two squash pies plastered over his face, chased the man who was responsible for his appearance out of the restaurant and down Clark street the other night, much to the edification of the passers-by. The man was halted by a patrolman, and accompanied by the irate waiter, was led back to the restaurant to explain. It seems he wished to buy two squash pies for 15 cents, but was informed they were 10 cents straight. The customer grew indignant. Seizing a pie in each hand, "Here goes 20 cents' worth," he shouted and clapped a pie to each of the waiter's cheeks. The man was released with a lecture, after he paid for the pies.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Her Sole Object.

Tess—Yes, I'm engaged to Mr. Homley.

Jess—Gracious! I don't think you'd want to marry him.

Tess—I don't, but I want to show that I can if I want to.—Philadelphia Press.

Didn't Like His Looks.

Mother—I don't like the looks of that boy who has just moved in next door.

Small Son—Nuther do I. He's awfully wiry, and I'm afraid when it comes to gettin' acquainted, I'll be the one to get licked.

How a Reputation Is Made.

"They tell me," said Thompson, "that you appeared at the fancy dress ball as a full fledged highlander."

"Not kilty," replied Billings, who is esteemed a great wit.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

One Man's View of It.

"I see it stated here that a woman broker in New York opens the day's business with prayer."

"Looks like a case of pray and prey, doesn't it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A man's actions after marriage are nothing like the samples submitted during courtship.

War is fast losing its glitter. Khaki displaces blue or scarlet. Flags are unknown in battles. The French army has just banished the drum and now there is talk of abolishing the saber. Meanwhile, war songs grow rarer and rarer. Most modern wars are too short to generate songs. All this grieves and scandalizes the painters, the poets and the playwrights, but causes the peace people to rejoice with huge joy. Channing, were he still alive, would share their exultation, for he used to declare that the love of warfare sprang partly, even largely, from the impression made upon small boys by gorgeous uniforms, gay banners, flashing sabers, the throb of the drum and the contagious fervor of war songs. Romance cast its glamour over that dirtiest of jobs, the job of killing. It hadn't the right to. As Charles Dudley Warner put it, we who despised killing in plain clothes honored killing in fancy dress.

A man who calls himself "a sorrowful policy holder" writes to the newspapers that he has just been notified of the maturity of the premium on a $25,000 policy in one of the big life insurance companies on which he has been paying premiums for more than thirty years. He began it because assured that after ten or fifteen years the dividends would almost pay the premiums and he is still paying about $500 a year. He is especially sore because this year's payment is $1.25 less than last year's. He ought to be grateful for small favors. There are some who have been making payments as long as he has on the same kind of assurance, which payments have been growing larger yearly.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Gluten Bread.

Into a pint of cool, fresh milk stir an equal quantity of boiling water, then stir in a tespoonful each of salt and butter melted. Dissolve a quarter of yeast cake in lukewarm water, and when the milk has reached the same temperature stir into it the dissolved yeast cake, one beaten egg and gluten flour to make a thin batter. Set aside in a warm place to rise and, when light, work in enough gluten flour to make a dough, taking care not to have this at all stiff. Knead thoroughly, form into loaves and set to rise. Bake for a long time in a steady oven.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

{SEAL}

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

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Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Lyonnaise Potatoes.

Crop one small onion, and fry it slowly in two tablespoonfuls of butter; when slightly colored, add about three cupfuls of cold potatoes, sliced or diced; sprinkle over them a little salt, pepper, a tablespoonful each of chopped parsley and lemon juice. Stir carefully with a fork till all the potatoes are buttered and hot, but not browned.

To Break in New Shoes.

Always shake in Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures chilblains, damp, sweating, aching, swollen feet. Cures Corns and Bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Japan discovered some generations ago that if it was to remain on the same globe with the earthquakes it must build houses that would not do much hurt when they were shaken down. Consequently it built them in a way that makes first-class tinder for conflagrations. San Francisco should rise to the height of devising an architecture that will neither burn down nor shake down.

Street Crowds in Caracas.

One of the features of the city of Caracas, Venezuela, that most strongly impresses a foreigner is the rapidity with which a crowd gathers in the streets. This is best exemplified when some of the many wandering musicians, in whom Caracas abounds, prepare to give an impromptu open air concert. Their first notes no sooner echo through the neighborhood than there gathers to listen a vast throng that almost blocks up the thoroughfare. The cobblers and all the other tenants of the entries, having no doors to open or stairs to descend, are on the spot almost instanter. They eagerly drink in the music, but at the same time bear a wary eye upon the hats of the musicians, and no sooner do they observe the slightest indication that one is about to be taken off for the purpose of taking up a collection by passing it around among the crowd than they disappear even more quickly than they came.

FITS St. Vitus' Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Creamed Liver.

Use what cold fried liver and bacon you have over, not forgetting the bacon. Chop it fine and mix with a white sauce. Add two or three hard-boiled eggs cut up in little pieces, a little grated onion, salt, pepper, a dash of nutmeg, and lemon juice if wished. Or stir until they bubble, a tablespoonful of butter and one of flour. Add a cupful of tomato, and when thick add your cold chopped liver and bacon and hard-boiled eggs. Season with salt and paprika.

Canned Grapes.

This will make excellent pies for winter use. Pick the fruit from the stems, and seed it by pressing between the thumb and finger. Put the pulps thus obtained into a porcelain kettle and boil until soft. Cool and pass through a colander to separate it from the seed. To this juice add the grape skins and a one-third part of elderberries nicely picked over. Boil until thoroughly cooked, and can in new tin cans. Keep in the cellar.

Prompt Punishment.

"A man told me the other day that I looked like you."

"Where is he? I would like to punch him."

"I killed him."—Life.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision for over 30 years. Allow no one to deceive you in this. Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments, and endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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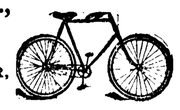

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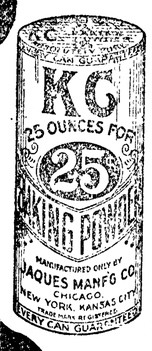

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B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Haning Hall on Front st., bet. Laurel and Lincoln sts. Visitors cordially invited. RAY MCLAUGHLIN, Ex. Ruler.
E. D. ELIOTT, Secretary.

Proceedings Board of Commissioners

Wednesday, the 6th day of June, 1906, at 1:00 p. m. The board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being present.

The board granted the petition and approved the bond of DeWitt Burns, et al, for a change in Mt. Pleasant Road to be known as Road No. 68, said road commencing at NE corner of SW¼, SE¼, Sec. 18 30-5, running thence South one mile, thence West one-fourth mile, thence South one fourth mile, and ending at or near the center ef the north line of Sec. 30-30-5.

The board appointed James Gallagher and William Wooding poll tax collectors.

The board took up the matter of the final hearing of Road No. 61, H. E. Risley et al. petitioners, and there being no claims for damage or objection to said road, the board granted said road, and ordered the road supervisor to remove all obstructions in said road.

The time having arrived for the opening of the bids for the construction of the Lake Creek bridge near Shuwah, and there being three bids on file, the board opened said bids, which were as follows:

J. B. Iverson's bid: I will build said bridge according to the plans and specifications for the sum of $323.00.

Lars A. Alvig and Louis Hahn's bid: We agree to build said bridge according to plans and specifications for the sum of $685.00.

W.L. Ferguson: I will agree and contract to build said bridge according to specifications for the sum of $500.00.

J. B. Iverson's bid, being the lowest and best bid, the board awarded the contract for building said Lake Creek bridge to said J. B. Iverson.

It appering that one D. A. Robinson of Clallam county, Washington, has furnished the county a list of persons in his employ liable to the payment of poll tax, together with the amounts owing them, and that he neglects and refuses to pay such sums, and it further appearing that he refuses to pay such sums for which they are liable, to the collector of the county. Therefore the board directs the County Attorney to take the necessary legal steps to enforce the collection of said poll tax.

It appearing that R. A. Whitcomb had been assessed for improvements on government land for the years 1904 and 1905, and it further appearing that said R. A. Whitcomb made proof on said land prior to the year 1904, and that said land was assessed for the years 1904 and 1905, therefore the board ordered the Treasurer to cancel said assessment for improvements on government land on the tax roll.

Board ordered that the road supervisor of road district No. 4 be directed to remove all fences and obstructions on the Iverson road, or road No. 47, from the commencement (near the post office at Forks) to the Bogachiel River at the Anderson landing, also from the forks of said road near the school house of Dist. No. 10, south ot Mill Creek.

The board approved the official bond of William Wooding, Road Supervisor of Road and Bridge District No. 1.

The board adjourned to meet Thursday the 7th day of June, 1906, at 9:30 a.m.

Thursday the 7th day of June, 1906, at 9:30 a. m. The board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being pressnt.

It appearing that the specifications for the Lake Creek bridge did not specify the kind of timber said bridge should be built of, and it further appearing that J. B. Iverson, the party to whom the confract to build said bridge was let, had based his bid on a bridge built of Hemlock timber, therefore the board agreed to give said J. B. Iverson $50 00 additional on his contract, provided he build said bridge our of Fir timber, and make the lower chords 12x14 in. instead of 8x10 inches as specified, and brace the bents properly.

The board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on the funds of Road and Bridge District No. 1.

Wm. Wooding, Supr., labor	$104 00
Joseph Pearson, labor	67 50
Walter Grant and team, labor	77 00
Peter McNamara, labor	42 00
Wm. Buell, labor	54 00
Vernon Grant, labor	42 00
Henry Gunderson, labor	32 00
Dave McCombs, labor	8 00
Chgrles Agnew, labor and potatoes, etc., for camp	10 45
Sam Johnson, teams, labor	78 00
Chas. Johnson, slasbing and burning	18 00
Mrs. Dave Hume, milk and eggs	8 10
Sid Case, milk	1 40
John Knutson, eggs	60
A. O. Nelson, blacksmithing	8 50
McIvor & Swanson, "	15 95
R. D. Willson Hdw. Co., powder, etc	75 30
Wm. Wright, labor	10 00
T. S. Histed, labor	7 00
A. J. Jackson, labor	12 00
John Stevens, labor	5 00
Geo. Race, labor	2 00
C. N. McLaughlin, labor	2 00
Chas. Oaks, labor	5 00
Jas. H. Riley, labor	10 00

The board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on the funds of Road and Bridge District No. 2.

James Gallagher, Supr., labor	$ 82 40
Chas. Raymond, lalor	58 00
Sam Hilt, labor	45 29
William Pratt, labor	45 80
William Carey, labor	45 80
Ed Madden, labor	53 50
Evan Epperson and team, labor	113 00
Chas Gallagher, team, labor	53 70
Frank Miller, labor	25 80
Al Barrowman, labor	51 50
Carl Kamel, labor	25 00
Frank Long and team, labor	7 50
L. G. McBurney and horse, labor	57 00
James Ferrell, labor	31 75
Adolph Young, labor	26 50
Sam Gates, labor	26 25
G. M. Chapman, labor	53 75
J. H. Neff, labor	41 75
Chas. Smith, butter for camp	5 00
Claus Skavdal, milk and eggs	6 45
A. L. Johnson, teaming	10 00
Puget Sound Mills and Timber Co., powder, etc	73 40
R. D. Willson Hdw. Co., spikes	20
G. M. Lauridsen, powder, etc	88 00
James Fitzgerald, meat	10 00
T. S. Brophy & Co., groceries, etc	68 88

The board examined and allowed the folowing claims and ordered warrants drawn on the funds of road and bridge district No. 3.

Ed Clark, labor	$20 00
W. M. Johnson, labor	10 00
Amund Orseth, labor	3 00
W. H. Carpenter, labor	3 00
J. A. Rainey, Supr., labor	12 00
Chas. Wynne, labor	8 00
William Whipple, labor	10 00
Frank Whipple, labor	10 00
Geo. Austin, labor	9 60
Nels Nelson, labor	28 75
John Hillstrom, labor	28 75

The board examinted and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn on the funds of Road and Bridge District No. 4.

John Leyendecker, labor	$15 00
Chas. Hahn, labor	2 00
Louis Hahn, team, labor	2 00
Guy Lesure, Supr., labor	44 00
M. Thomsen, labor	12 00
Oscar Peterson, labor	2 00
W. J. Maybury, team, labor	2 00
Louis Sergfried, labor	5 00
John Van Bosche, labor	8 00
J. F. LeGeor. labor	4 00
J. H. Caldwell, labor	2 00
John Severson, blacksmithing	1 25
F. M, Ackerly, wedges	2 00
F. D. Moody, labor	22 50
T. Birkestol, labor	25 00
Byrd Decker, labor	11 25
Frank Brand, labor	10 00
F. A. Peterson, labor	10 00

The board adjourned to meet at 1:30 p. m.

The board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being present. The minutes of the 10th of May were read and approved.

The board allowed the claim of C. S. Sakemiller, $15.00, for opera house for Teachers' Institute, and ordered a warrant drawn for same on Institute fund.

The board examined and allowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn for same on the current expense fund.

B. P. Grubb, board for Dewey, Daggy, Wilson and Grupe	$30 00
Mrs. Hazel O'Brien, work at Teachers' Institute	5 00
Maynard Lee Dagg, work and expenses at Teachers Institute	56 00
Mary E. Grupe, work at Teachers Institute	25 00
H. B. Dewey, expenses at Teachers Institute	10 00
Washington Wilson, work and expenses at Teachers Institute	34 00
D. A. Christopher, work in Treasurer's office	15 00
John F. Church, work in Treasurer's office	47 50
John F. Church, Deputy Clerk	2 50
John Skinner, Deputy Clerk	2 50
W. S. Davis, poll tax collector	16 00
W. S. Miller, poll tax collector	6 00
A. L. Johnson, livery hire for Sheriff	8 00
E. E. Hopkins, deputy hire and expenses	3 50
Lowman & Hanford, supplies for Surveyor's office	3 32
Gray & Henderson, oil and matches	3 20
Pioneer Binding and Printing Co., records for Supt. of Schools' office	31 50
T. S. Brophy & Co., grass seed for Westphal Co. Home	17 09
City of Port Angeles, electric light	4 00
Ray L. Haynes, board for county poor	30 00
Ray L. Haynes, labor	4 00
G. H. Randall, services as fruit inspectoo	14 50
F. Snow, game warden expenses	13 00
P. B. Chambers livery hire for Treasurer, $3.50, Surveyor, $9 00	12 50
Tribune Times Co. supplies and Publications	13 20
Tribune Times Co., supplies and publications	2 50
H. W. Doty, night jailor	10 00
A. E. Cox, protecting game month May, 1906	30 00
W. J. Mathewson, medicine for health officer	1 00
W. J. Mathewson, ink	2 00
Clallam Co. Abstract Co., balance on contract of writing upon 1906 tax rolls	200 00
Ray Maxfield, assessors salary mo. of May, 1906	108 00
Frank Sullivan, deputy assessor salary mo. of May, 1906	73 50
F.T. Balch, deputy assessor salary	186 00
C. A. Maxfield, deputy assessors salary	69 00

The board rejected the claim of $2.50 for publishing notice of Teachers' examination.

The board allowed the claim ef G. M. Lauridsen, $200 00, for a road grader, and ordered a warrant drawn on the funds of road and brsdge district No. 4.

The claim of Geo. W. Lawrence for $3.00 was rejected by the Board.

The board took up the matter of awarding the contract to do the county printing for the year ending June 30, 1907, and after due consideration awarded said contract to the Olympic-Leader, as follows: Said Olympic-Leader to publish all proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners at the rate of forty cents per inch; all notices of sale of county real estate by County Treasurer at the rate of fifty cents per inch for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents per inch for each subsebuent insertion there of; all other official notices required by law to be published, at the rate of seventy-five cents per inch for first insertion, and fifty cents per inch for each subsequent insertion thereof, and the annual tax sale notice and summons at the rate of ten cents per description as the County Treasurer delivers for publication, the "head and tail" of said summons to be paid for at the rate of fifty cents per inch for first insertion, and twenty-five cents per inch for each subsequent insertion.

Board ordered the auditor to advertise for bids for the construction of the first division of the cut-off road at East Clallam, according to the plans and specifications on file in the auditor's office. The same beginning at the Teiderman place, and ending at the intersection of the original Clallam-Quillayute road.

The Board examined and aliowed the following claims and ordered warrants drawn for same on the general road fund.

Alfred Ware, labor on State road survey	$155 00
E.A. Lees, labor on state road sur.	96 25
R.W. Fletcher, " " " "	78 00
E. D. Souer " " " "	62 10
Harry Hinde " " " "	54 00
James Clark " " " "	54 00
R.N. Prickett " " " "	50 00
Al Widman " " " "	54 00
Jake Hahn " " " "	54 00
DeWitt Sisson " " " "	62 50
Wm. Humes " " " "	51 00
Wm. Ritchie " " " "	39 00
James Stuckey " " " "	71 30
Alfred Ware, incidental expenses. State road survey	37 70
Joseph Hottowe, labor state road survey	30 00
Al Widman, labor state road sur.	4 00
James Clark, " " " "	7 00
Chas Gallagher, moving camp, State road survey	5 40
Herbert Dempsey, moving camp, State road survey	10 00
Claus Skavdal, milk, etc., for camp State road survey	6 95
Mrs Rachel Minnihan, beef for camp State road survey	9 80
W. A. O'Bar, groceries, etc., camp State road survey	55 03

The Board ordered the County Treasurer to advertise, and sell as provided by law those certain described lands and lots recorded in Commissioners Journal No. 7, on page 328, said property having been heretofore acquired by said county at tax sale for delinquent taxes.

It appearing that L.D. Stewart and G. W. Laurence are both the heads of families, and that neither of said parties had been allowed an exemption on their personal tax for the year 1905, as provided by law, the Board ordered the County Treasurer to correct the tax rolls and allow each of said parties an exemption.

The board allowed the following commissioners claims:

D. A. Christopher, 2 days salary, on Board, $8.00, mileage, $13.20	$22 20
D. A. Christopher, 1 day preparing list of county property for sale	4 00
H. J. Bugge, 3 days salary, on Board $8.00, mileage $5.00	13 00
A. I. Filion, 2 days salary $8.00, mileage 20c	8 20

No.

NOTICE AND SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION.

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

Susan M. Morse, plaintiff vs. C. M. Hansen and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming an interest or estate in and to the hereinafter described real property, defendants.

State of Washington to C. M. Hansen who are the owners, or reputed owners of, and all persons unknown, claiming or having an interest or estate in the hereinafter described real property.

You and each of you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff, Susan M. Moore, is the holder of delinquent tax certificate No. 991 issued by the treasurer of Clallam county, Washington, embracing the following real property situated in Clallam county, Washington. and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lot ten (10) block two hundred and two (202) of the townsite of Port Angeles.

That said certificate was issued on the 7th day of July 1904 for the sum of $3.45 for the delinquent taxes for the years 1902 and 1903; that the taxes for the following years have beeu paid by the plaintiff, to-wit: the year 1904 the sum of $1.36, the year 1905 the sum of $1 39 which several sums bear interest at the rate of fifteen per cent per annum from said date of payment.

You and each of you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of the first publication of this notice and summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 8th day of June 1906, and defend the above entitled action or pay the amount of the taxes due together with the costs, penalties and interest, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered foreclosing said tax lien for such taxes, penalty, costs and interest against said lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Susan M. Morse, plaintiff.
W. Brumfield, Attorney for plaintiff.
Post office address Port Angeles, Washington.
Date of first publication June 8, 1906.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

The Treasurer of Clallam county Washington, will pay upon presentation at his office in Port Angeles, Clallam county, Washington, the following warrants and all of prior issue on said funds:

County General Fund.
Warrant No. 1257, issued Jan. 6th, 1893.
General Road Fund.
Warrant No. 2048, issued April 16th, 1894.
Bridge Fund.
Warrant No. 1077, issued March 2d, 1905.
Road and Bridge District Fund Warrants
District No. 1: Warrant No. 1647, issued Dec. 7th, 1905.
District No. 2: Warrant No. 580, issued Sept. 7th, 1904.
District No. 3: Warrant No. 1551, issued Oct. 18th, 1905
District No. 4: Warrant No. 813, issued Dec. 15th, 1904.
Special School Fund Warrants.
District No. 1: Warrant No. 69, issued March 24th, 1903.
District No. 3: Warrant No. 43, issued Nov. 7th, 1903.
District No. 4: Warrant No. 135, issued Jan. 27th, 1906.
District No. 39: Warrant No. 18, issued March 16th, 1906,
District No. 47: Warrant No. 31, issued Feb. 21st, 1906.

No interest will be allowed after June 15th, 1906.

W. E. BURNSIDE,
Treasurer of Clallam county, Wash.

FOR SALE
Business Lot
50 x 140 feet
Corner First and Laurel Streets
Containing
House of 8 Rooms
Hot and Cold Water throughout & Bath
Very convenient and sightly.
C. E. CUSHING

No. 362

IN PROBATE

Order directing Notice of Application to sell real estate.

In the Superior court of the State of Washington, for Clallam county.

In the matter of the guardianship of George F. Melville and Wm. M. Melville, minors.

The above entitled matter came on regularly for hearing on this day upon the petition of the guardian of said minors for an order directing the sale of the real estate belonging to said estate, situated in Clallam county, Washington, described as follows, to-wit:

An undivided half interest in and to the north half of the south-east quarter of the south-east quarter; the south-west quarter of the south-east quarter of the south-east quarter and the south-west quarter of the south-east quarter, of section seven (7); also the west half of the north-east quarter of section eighteen (18), all in township thirty (30) north of range three (3) west of Willamette Meridian, containing in all 150 acres more or less.

And it further appearing to the court that said petition sets forth and contains all the requirements of the law relative thereto; that there is no personal property whatever either at present or in prospect belonging to said minors; that there is no income from the property of said wards, and that the guardian has not received any money or assets whatever belonging to them or either of them: that said minors are of the ages of 19 and 17½ years respectively, and reside with their mother, the guardian herein, at Riverton, Washington; that there is no indebtedness existing against said wards or either of them, except the costs of the said guardianship; that it is necessary to sell said real estate for the purpose of supporting and educating the said minors, and that said minors have each and both given their written consent to the sale of said real estate, and in all things being fully informed;

Now therefore, it is hereby ordered, that Saturday, the 30th day of June, 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the court room of the court house of said Clallam county, Washington, in the city of Port Angeles, be and the same are hereby appointed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition, and that any and all persons then and there appear and show cause why the said petition should not be granted and the said real estate sold in the manner provided by law, and that the clerk of said court give due notice of said hearing four weeks prior to said sale, by publishing a copy of this order as provided by law.

Done in open court this 24th day of May, 1906.

GEO. C. HATCH,
Judge of said court.

[Certificrte of true copy.]

State of Washington,
County of Clallam, ss.;

I, E. A. FitzHenry, county clerk and clerk of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam, holding terms at Port Angeles, said county, do hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original order directing notice of application to sell real estate, as the same appears of record in my office.

Witness, my hand and the seal of said Superior Court, affixed this 24th day of May A. A. 1906.
(Seal)

E. A. FitzHenry, County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court.

Horses for Sale. Tom Watson, 1715 First Ave, Seattle.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

In the Superior Court of Clallam County State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of Josiah B. Chapin, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that Ray L. Haynes, administrator of the estate of Josiah B. Chapin, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement to, and filed in the Superior Court of Clallam county, State of Washington, his final account as such administrator; and that Saturday the 16th day of June, 1906, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the court room of our said superior court, in the city of Port Angeles, in said Clallam county, has been duly appointed by our said superior court, for the settlement of the final account, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions in writing to said final account, and contest the same.

Witness, the Hon. Geo. C. Hatch, Judge of said Superior Court, [Seal] and the seal of said court affixed this 16th day of May, 1906.

E. A. FitzHenry, County Clerk, and Clerk of the Superior Court.
A. A. RICHARDSON, Attorney.
Date of first publication, May 18, 1906.

RECEIVER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned receiver of the Elmira Logging Company, a corporation, to the creditors of, and to all persons interested in the affairs of said company, that I have presented and filed in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of Washington, for Clallam county. a report of all my acts and proceedings as such Receiver from the time of my appointment, to-wit: From the 5th day of December, 1903, to the 1st day of May, 1906, and that Saturday, the 16th day of June, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the court room of said superior court, in the city of Port Angeles, has been appointed by said Superior Court as the time and place for the settlement of said report and account, at which time and place any creditor or other person interested in such report or account may appear and file his exceptions or objections to said report or account, and contest the same. C. J. FARMER,
Receiver of Elmira Logging Company
First publication May 25, 1906.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given, that J. A. Johnson, administrator of the estate of Henry Anderson, deceased, late of Clallam county, State of Washington, will, on Saturday, the 26th day of May, 1906, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the North front door of the court house, in Port Angeles, said county, sell all the right, title and interest of said Henry Anderson, deceased, in and to lot twenty (20) in block twelve (12) of the townsite of Port Angeles, Washington, the same being one undivided one half part thereof, for cash in hand. That such sale will be at private sale, and upon written bids, and that such bids will be received at the office of A. A. Richardson, attorney-at-law, in the city of Port Angeles, aforesaid, up to and until Saturday the 26th day of May, 1906, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

J. A. JOHNSON,
Administrator of the estate of Henry Anderson, deceased.
Date of first publication, May 4. 1906.
A. A. RICHARDSON, Att'y for said estate.

The CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK
NO. 6074
OF PORT ANGELES, WASH.
C. J. FARMER, PRESIDENT W. F. DELABARRE, VICE-PRESIDENT
J. P CHRISTENSEN, CASHIER
Domestic and Foreign Exchange Bought and Sold
WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.
Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.
The Best Cedar Shingles Made.
Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

McKEE & LaFLOWER
Funeral Directors and Embalmers
PHONES LAFLOWER 108 McKEE 105 CITY OFFICE 7
LADY ATTENDANTS
C. F. MERRITT, Manager City Office

The Lewis Supply Company
Dealers in All Kinds of
Electrical Goods
CONTRACTS TAKEN
Store on First St., Bet. Laurel and Oak - Port Angeles

Bothered with Chaps? Sunburn or Tan?

We have just received a new line of Cold Creams, Face Lotions, Witch Hazel Jelly, etc., for the above.

Call and see them.

Try our Liquid Cold Cream—It is Something New.

TALCUM POWDER,

In the plain, Boreated and Violet, by all the best makers.

Ask for Sample.

MAIL ORDERS **C. E. NAILOR & Co.** ARE SOLICITED

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

Phone 41

New iron beds and matresses at Bakers'.

Pacific Relief Corps will serve chicken dinner July 4th.

A new bridge is being built on Eighth, crossing Lincoln.

"Olympic" Flour $1.25 the sack. Seevers' Cash Store.

Celery plants, also horseradish and rhubarb roots for sale. Phone 92-3. M. T. Fuller.

Major Harding will attend the State Encampment, G. A. R., at Walla Walla next week.

Mrs. M. R. Smith returned Saturday from Reno, Nevada, where she had been visiting her sister.

A good pair of Viscol Tan Walking Shoes will cost you $2.50 at Times Clo. Mart. No better shoe made.

W. F. Delabarre, T. F. Trumbull, C. J. Farmer and Al Filion are planning a trip to the Solduck tomorrow or next day, on business intent.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Trumbull, Mrs. Brown and Miss Bunker are enjoying an outing at Lake Crescent. Mrs. Brown expects to remain all summer.

Twice the stock, twice the variety and complete line of sizes in footwear at the Big Brick Store, the place where you always get a square deal.

John Hansen, W. Master, and Mrs. E. D. Short, W. Matron, of the Masonic and Eastern Star Lodges, are in attendance at the Grand Lodge at Spokane this week.

Miss Mary E. Morse returned Thursday from Whitman College, Walla Walla, where she is taking the musical course. Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Morse and the children met her in Seattle.

Cook stoves wanted at Bakers'.

Tyee salmon are being caught off the spit again.

Galts' "Blue Ribbon" Tea 50c the pound. Seevers' Cash Store.

S. M. Cooke visited with Dr. and Mrs. Cooke in Seattle this week.

F. C. Harper, the new collector at Townsend, was here Wednesday looking over the local office.

Miss Montez Appleton and Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Johnson returned from Seattle Wednesday.

Buy "Heinz's" Pure Malt Vinegar 25c the quart bottle.
Seevers' Cash Store.

"Have one on S. J. Lutz & Co." is the invitation extended on the new fountain at Ennis creek.

C. E. Fulmer keeps cameras and all kinds of amateur photo supplies at his studio. Call and see them.

Mrs. S. E. Cole, Second street, will give lessons in French from 10 to 12 and 1 to 5 during the summer vacation. tf.

House cleaning time is here. Remember Baker is always ready to make a trade on any articles of furniture you may have tired of

E. E. Fisher is representing the local lodge of Eagles at the State lodge in Seattle this week; it is rumored "Pete" is sporting a new tile while in the city.

We will keep open every evening in future 'till 8 o'clock. For the accomodation of our patrons we will be open for business.
Times Clo. Mart.

Amateur photographers find the kind of photo goods that professional photographers use at Fulmer's Studio and one who understands using them will give instructions.

FOR HAYING TIME

The Best Mowers and Rakes on the market. We can save you money every time. Call or write for prices before buying.

Screen Doors, well and strongly made, in neat designs, - - **$1.50 and $2.00**
Screen Windows, - **30c, 35c, & 40c**
Lawn Mowers, the best makes, **3.50 up**
Cotton Hose, not the cheap stuff that's made to sell, but the best makes we can buy, at, per foot, - **8c, 9c, & 15c**
Rubber Hose, - - - **9c & 15c**
Grass Hooks, - - **15c, 25c, 35c**

R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

New glass tumblers 50c a doz. at Bakers.'

J. Lloyd Aldwell was a Seattle visitor this week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Woods returned from a Seattle visit Wednesday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. F. Jones, Monday, June 11th, a ten pound boy.

The P. A. P. was sold to Hofius & Co. for some fifteen thousand, the amount of their lien.

Mr. McLennan, Mrs. Geo. C. Hatch and Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Smith returned from Seattle Tuesday.

Hon. D. W. Higgins, editor of the Vancouver World, was in town Tuesday, looking after his land interests.

The boys should have a new new suit for the Fourth. S. J. Lutz & Co. sell the best for the money—the Banner Brand.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Richardson and daughter of Minneapolis are here to spend the summer, having rented Mrs. Raymond's residence.

Steel shod shoes outwear two of the ordinary kind and cost no more. Only the best goods for boys at the Big Brick Store.

Ralph Lutz has been attending the graduation exercises and alumni meeting here this week; he has just completed the law course at Leland Stanford, Jr.

P. J. Ferrigan, a brakeman at the Crescent camp, came up to the Turkington Hospital Wednesday, having crushed a hand while coupling cars.

Rev. G. N. Edwards will preach the memorial sermon for the Modern Woodmen Sunday morning. The order has some sixty-five members here; no deaths have occurred.

Are the children hard on stockings? Iron Clad Hose for boys and girls save half the mending and cost only 25c the pair. Sold only by S. J. Lutz & Co.

Rev. Geo. F. Graham went down to Port Crescent this afternoon to officiate at a wedding—the names of the principals we are not permitted to divulge today.

Try a pair of the Juliet Shoes with cork sole and rubber heel. $1.75 a pair. Will give you more comfort than any other shoe made. Times Clo. Mart.

Herbert Baker has improved his storerooms by the addition of a high awning, giving shade and coolness without becoming a nuisance to every passer-by, as some of the low awnings are.

Modern Woodmen of America Memorial Service will be held at the Congregational church Sunday, June 17th, at 11 a. m. All Woodmen are expected at their hall 10:30 sharp. Visiting Neighbors cordially invited.

An old friend of Port Angeles has passed away. Harry Beardsley died in Seattle June 2nd of locomoto ataxia; he was fifty-six years of age and leaves a wife and son and daughter, Herbert and Nettie.

The ladies of the Civic Club wish to extend thanks to those who assisted in making their entertainment a success. Especially those who sang, the W. R. C. and the Band. A meeting of the Club will be held at 2:30 next Thursday to settle accounts.

Iva Estenson, a rancher living below the Hot Springs, died Saturday at the General Hospital; services, conducted by Rev. Geo. F. Graham, were held at Willson's undertaking parlors. Mr. Estenson was 54 years old, a native of Norway, and has lived in this county 16 years.

Amateur photographers get the very best results when they get their developing and finishing done at Fulmer's Studio, where there is no guess or machine work—just a good supply of "know how."

Happily Married

A large congregation of people were present at the First M. E. church Sunday evening to listen to the anniversary sermon of the local order I. O. O. F. At the close of the sermon, Miss Helen Hopkins began to softly play Mendelssohn's Wedding March, the doors to the main entrance were pushed open, and to the utter surprise of all, Chester L. Barker and Edith McKee entered, marched to the altar where they were received by Rev. Graham and joined in marriage by a brief, beautiful ceremony, when they marched down the aisle, entered the cab and were driven to the home of the bride and later to their own home cor. Race and 8th streets. Chester and Edith are both workers in First Church, are well known and highly respected by many friends who join in wishing them a happy future. A reception was given on Monday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. David E. McKee on 9th street, where friends congratulated the happy couple. All partook of delicious refreshments, and bride and groom received many useful and beautiful presents.

Drug Store at Seguin

Frank Babcock is in Seattle this week, selecting the stock for a drug store he will put in at Seguin about July 1st. Frank has had ample experience in the drug business, as well as college training, and will undoubtedly make a success of the venture.

Dr. J. M. Rush, specialist, graduate Optician, will be at the Merchants Hotel June 18-25. Glasses scientifically adjusted for Myopia, Presbyopia, Hypermetropia, Asthenopia and Astigmatism. All errors in refraction corrected. Call. Consultation free. All work guaranteed.

Our summer clothing has a style and fit and bears the trade marks of the leading American factories; no sweat shop, shoddy or mercerized cotton stuff is handled by Clallam county's only exclusive clothing and shoe store —S. J. Lutz & Co.

CHURCH SERVICES

Congregational Church. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Morning worship at 11:00. Rev. Geo. N. Edwards, pastor. Morning, "Am I My Brother's Keeper." (Memorial sermon to Woodmen.) Evening, "The Worth of a Soul."
Christian Endeavor at 7:00 p. m.

Regular meetings at First M.E. Church as follows:
Official Board, first Monday of month.
Epworth League, (business) first Wednesday of each month.
Sunday School Board, second Wednesday of each month.
Ladies Aid Society, every two weeks Wednesday afternoon.
Prayer meeting, every Thursday even'g.
Sunday Services: Sunday School, 10:00 a. m.; Preaching, 11:00 a. m.; Epworth League, 6:30 p.m.; Preaching, 7:30 p.m. Music led by the orchestra for these services. Everybody will be made welcome.
GEO. F. GRAHAM, Pastor.

St. Andrews Church. The usual services will be held at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. Sunday school at 10 a.m. Choir practice Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Parents are earnestly requested to send their children for religious instruction at Sunday school.

First Church of Christ Scientist: Services will be held at Science Hall, Second St Sunday at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Wednesday evening meetings at 7:30. Reading room open every afternoon from 2 to 5. All are welcome.

CALL FOR BIDS

Notice is hereby given, that sealed bids to construct the First Division of the Cut-off Road (Road No. 50) at East Clallam, Washington, according to the plans and specifications on file in the Auditor's office, will be received by me at said office in the City of Port Angeles, up to the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., Monday, the 2nd day of July, 1906.

A certified check or cash deposit of 5 per cent of the amount bid, must accompany each bid.

The County Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners, dated June 7th, 1906.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 13th day of June, 1906.

[SEAL] W. B. SMITH,
Auditor of Clallam County, Wash

Flag Day Entertainment

The patriotic entertainment last evening was one of the best, if not the best, the Civic Club has given us. Every number was so well received, one could not say which gave the greatest pleasure. The "Greeting to the Boys in Blue" was especially appropriate and well given by Mrs. H. Fisher. Vocal solos by Geo. E. King of Seattle, Mrs. Stacy, and Mrs. Troy were simply fine. The flag drill and exercise by twenty girls, introducing the Goddess of Liberty and Uncle Sam was perfect in execution; Prof. Bown deserves great credit for his painstaking efforts in drilling the company. Mrs. Hickok, in her reading "The New Church Organ," and the Village Choir chorus were most laughable. "Grafted Into the Army," sung by a chorus from the W. R. C., and the Jubilee Singers, received well merited applause. Of the tableaux "Our Grandmother's Dancing Lesson" was especially fine. Much of the credit of the success of the entertainment is due to the ladies of the Relief Corps, who assisted. The Club cleared sufficient to place them out of debt.

In new summer suits, cool and comfortable underwear, neat oxford shoes and the latest thing in straw hats S. J. Lutz & Co. have the largest stock and the highest grade goods. Call and get a square deal.

M. J. Carrigan, Erastus Brainard, publisher of the P.-I., and Maurice McNicken, attorney, were guests at the Commercial, Thursday, being enroute to Lake Crescent.

D. R. McLennan is anticipating a visit from his daughter, Mrs. C. J. O'Brien, and family the latter part of the month; Capt. O'Brien is now master of the City of Seattle.

SEGUIN NOTES.

There will be a business meeting of the Fourth of July committee at the hall Saturday evening; everyone invited. Come and help make it a success.

Dungeness is to have a free rural delivery in the near future, dispite the opposition of certain parties. The community refuses to be governed by selfish motives any longer and will compete with her neighbor, Seguin.

Keep your money at home by celebrating at Seguin. No large sum will be paid out to foreign bands. We will have the sweetest music in the world—the joyous laughter of the merry children as they are being entertained by nice clean sports, in the finest picnic grove in Clallam county—no chilling winds.

Dr. McGeorge has purchased a lot of J. L. Keeler and will put up a building at once to be used as a drug store.

E. J. Fisher will build a barber-shop and bathhouse on Front st., in the near future.

Many farmers are busy building new barns.

Try a pair of the Juliet Shoes with cork sole and rubber heel, $1.75 a pair. Will give you more comfort than any other shoe made. TimesClo. Mart.

Over a Year

We have been selling you groceries. In that time have we broken a promise we made; have we sold you anything that we did not guarantee to take back if it was not as represented?

We wont tell you we are pleased to have you come and take up our time, for most of the time we are very busy. Our store is not a Social Hall, but is a place where everyone is treated courteously and their wants attended to. We are proving we have an honest place, honest prices, honest goods. Barnum said, "The American people like to be humbugged," but we notice he had to keep moving; he didn't try to humbug them twice in the same place.

E. W. MERRILL & CO.

Phone 5

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall. E. RAMSEY, N. G.
C. A. BORK, Secretary

The Premo Rochester Optical Co. — **The Hawkeye** Blair Camera Co.

A FULL LINE

of these noted cameras will be in during the coming week. We ask you to call and learn their many points of superiority.

Eastman's Photo Supplies

Films, Plates, Film Packs, Papers, Developers, and Everything used by the photographer. Being direct from the factory all goods are perfectly fresh.

Mathewson's Drug Store
Near Post Office
Phone 28 Mail your Orders

NEVER MIND.

When I useter stub my toe
  In the rocky road,
Mother, she could soothe my woe;
  She's the one that knowed
How to banish my dismay
  With a word so kind.
It stopped hurtin' when she'd say:
  "Sonny, never mind."

Arnicky, an' lint an' things
  Couldn't stop the pain,
But her gentle voice that rings
  Often an' again
In my dreamin', had a charm
  Strong, though undefined.
Jes' them words 'ud help the harm—
  "Sonny, never mind."

If she only could be near
  When I stumble now,
Maybe I could preserve
  With a placid brow—
If she jes' could pat my head,
  As when she would bind
Every boyish hurt, an' said:
  "Sonny, never mind."
—Washington Star.

MRS. LARCH'S TENANT.

IT really is exciting!" confessed Mrs. Shackel, putting down her teacup and glancing at her daughters, two fresh commonplace young women clad in pink linen gowns, who were playing tennis.

As the hard-worked wife of the Rector of Arlemere, Mrs. Shackel's excitements were few and far between, and generally consisted of those of an unpleasant nature, such as rebellion in the kitchen, the flirtations of the schoolmistress, or wires from the boys' headmaster to say Stanley had a broken leg or Archie the measles. When Mrs. Larch informed her that the new tenant of Arabia Cottage—a picturesque, old-fashioned place, originally a farmhouse, on the outskirts of the village—was a bachelor of twenty-four, of good family, and evidently possessed of ample private means, the tidings seemed too good to be true.

But Mrs. Larch had details at her fingers' ends which convinced the mother of Mildred and Connie that the chance of her girls' lifetime had come.

"He is so good-looking!" said Mrs. Larch, who, as an elderly widow with a married daughter, felt she might, without being injudicious, gush over Mr.

HARRISON WAS AN IDEAL HOST.

Harrison. "In that fascinating, swarthy, Italian organ-grinder way, don't you know! Hair as black as a coal, and eyes to match. And he is so unaffected and amiable! I had quite a long chat with him yesterday. He had been out in the road helping some people whose motor-car had broken down at his gate. I thought it so nice of him. I am sure you will like him!"

"I hope we shall!" remarked young Mrs. Smythe, the curate's wife, whom painful experience had taught to never be sure of anything or anyone.

"I wonder what induced him to pitch his tent in Arlemere?" pursued Mrs. Smythe, thoughtfully. "There is no fishing or golf; nothing much to attract a young man, one would imagine. It seems rather funny!"

"Not at all!" rejoined Mrs. Larch, sharply. "Mr. Harrison has come for his health. It is his eyes and brain fag. So pathetic, I think. He was studying hard for an exam.—those competitive exams. are iniquitous things in my opinion—and broke down at the last moment. The doctors ordered him complete rest and change of air, and he has happened to see my advertisement of Arabia Cottage. He has taken the house for the year."

"And is he going to live there alone?" asked Mrs. Smythe. "Brain fag always means so much depression. What can his people be thinking if they are leaving him to his own devices?"

"The poor young man is an orphan," replied Mrs. Larch, eyeing Mrs. Smythe reproachfully. "His father, mother, and two young sisters were all drowned in that terrible steamer accident off Jersey four years ago. You remember the occurrence, I dare say?"

"How very, very sad!" murmured Mrs. Shackel, rousing herself from cogitations anent the feasibility of deferring her annual garden-party until the rector had called upon Mr. Harrison, and the newcomer had paid the return visit, when a card could with propriety be despatched to Arabia Cottage. "It is really quite a tragedy! Well, we must do our best to cheer him up! Fortunately there are plenty of young people about!" The matron's affectionate glance at her daughters indicated her conviction of their ability and readiness at any rate to take part in the cheering-up process.

"Plenty of girls, you mean," amended Mrs. Larch, well aware of Mrs. Shackel's train of thought. "Yes, he must be difficult to please if he cannot find a wife to suit him in this region of superfluous women!"

"Perhaps he is engaged already?" suggested Mrs. Smythe, unkindly.

"I happen to know he is not!" announced her hostess, triumphantly. "He was engaged to his cousin, Lord Marshland's daughter—by some sort of family arrangement, I understand—but it was broken off after his father's demise. I fancy Mr. Harrison was not sorry to get out of it."

"Ah, really! Fancy that! Dear me!" ejaculated Mrs. Shackel, too flustered to produce a coherent sentence. "Lord Marshland's nephew! You don't say so!"

"Mr. Marshland is a second cousin of Lord Marshland's!" corrected Mrs. Larch. "His mother, I see by 'Debrett,' was a Pearle-Harkness, a member of a well-known West-county family!"

"Well, I trust he will turn out satisfactorily!" said Mrs. Smythe, unfurling a red parasol which had seen its brightest days. "Those cadets of big houses are rather apt to trade on their relatives' names."

"Mr. Harrison is just coming in at the gate," broke in Mrs. Larch, abruptly, with a beaming face. "He promised me to look in if he were not obliged to go up to Tattersall's to-day about a horse. So you will have the opportunity you evidently desire, Mrs. Smythe, of putting him through a cross-examination." And Mrs. Larch rose ponderously from her seat, frowned at the curate's wife, and sailed majestically across the lawn to meet Mr. Harrison.

She brought him up to the group round the tea-table—now augmented by the four tennis players, who had opportunely finished their game—and made the necessary introductions.

Mrs. Shackel at once warmly approved of the handsome, smiling young man, whose immaculate raiment and easy manners testified so favorably to his pecuniary and social status; and who, after assisting to supply the ladies with tea, dropped into the vacant chair by her daughter Connie's side.

That young lady chatted to Mr. Harrison in her engaging little way, but was presently annexed by Mr. Smythe as his partner for another set. And Mr. Harrison, who professed to be too out of practice to play, moved up a couple of chairs, and transferred his attentions to her sister.

That evening the conversation at the Rectory dinner-table chiefly consisted in the singing of Mr. Evered Harrison's praises by the three ladies.

"Such a cultured, gentlemanly person!" murmured Mrs. Shackel. "He was telling me about his travels. He seems to have done a good deal of yachting; and spent last summer fishing off Norway. His trip to Russia, too, must have been most enjoyable. The Czar received him at a special audience, and was most kind to him. But no doubt his relatives are well known in St. Petersburg!"

"Well, he doesn't put on a scrap of snobbery," said Connie, enthusiastically. "In fact, when Mrs. Smythe asked him if Lord Marshland was quite well again after his hunting accident in the winter, he scarcely answered her. He is not a bit of a snob—anyone can see that."

"No, indeed," chimed in Mildred. "And isn't it lucky? He seems to have taken quite an aversion to Isabel Evesmore. At least, he asked me the name of the girl with the virulent red hair and disagreeable expression who was always motoring past his house; and when I told him she was the nearest we could do round here in the way of an heiress, he laughed, and said it was fortunate such an unprepossessing damsel had something to back her up!"

* * * * *

It was a sultry day towards the end of August. The sun had gone down lazily, leaving the earth exceedingly warm, and its inhabitants distinctly disinclined to exert themselves. With such atmospheric conditions, it was not surprising that the majority of people present at the dance which young Harrison had elected to give in dual celebration of his twenty-fifth birthday and his engagement to Isabel Evesmore preferred sitting out in the dimly-lit garden to dancing in the improvised marquee on the lawn.

Duly sponsored, lauded, and introduced by Mrs. Larch and the Shackels, Harrison had become a very popular and much-sought-after personage during his two months' residence in the neighborhood; and half the elite of the district had accepted the invitation to his ball, which promised to take rank as "the" event of the summer.

Harrison had pointed out the impossibility of getting any of his friends down from London—a plan Mrs. Shackel had gullefully suggested—as, now that Goodwood and Cowes were over, they were all off to Scotland or the Continent; but he had secured a sufficient number of local dancing-men to make the affair a success.

The mise-en-scene was charming, the ices unexceptionable, the band melodious and inspiriting, and Harrison was proving himself an ideal host. The chaperons almost forgave the young man for having engaged himself to the only rich girl in the neighborhood as he assiduously brought up partners for their pretty daughters, and went through a succession of "duty" dances with the plainer and more neglected damsels.

Even Mrs. Shackel, to whom the news of his engagement had been a great disappointment after Harrison's frequent visits to the rectory and the attentions he had shown to Connie, murmured her admiration of his delightful manners into the ear of a neighbor as Connie and Mildred went off on the arms of two particularly eligible young men to join in the lancers.

"How splendidly you have managed everything!" Mrs. Shackel murmured presently to her host as he deposited his partner, the village doctor's taciturn wife, with an air of relief on a chair by Mrs. Shackel's side when the grand chain had been gone through for the last time. "Really, you bachelors quite teach us a lesson! By the way, how late Mrs. Smythe is!"

"Oh," said Harrison, "it isn't half-past nine yet. But I didn't know Mrs. Smythe was in Arlemere. Hasn't she been staying with her mother-in-law?"

"Yes, but she returned last night," explained Mrs. Shackel, fanning herself laboriously. "I supposed she had come back on purpose. But she is an uncertain kind of person. One never quite knows how to take her. She wrote rather an odd letter to Connie the other day, I thought. She made no reference to your engagement—and she has always professed to be so fond of Isabel—or to your dance, though Connie, of course, told her all about it. She simply said she was returning home sooner than she had intended on rather unpleasant business. It is that nursemaid of hers, no doubt. I have always impressed upon her that she is a most untrustworthy girl!"

"Servants are a nuisance," observed young Harrison, absently. "Mrs. Smythe has been staying in Sudshire, hasn't she?"

Mrs. Shackel nodded. "And that reminds me. She mentioned in a postscript to Connie that she had met Lord and Lady Marshland at a dinner in Sudbury. It must have been so nice for Mrs. Smythe to have been able to tell them the latest news about you," concluded the rector's wife in her amiable way.

Harrison made no immediate response. The color and expression of cheerful alertness had faded suddenly from his face. He put out a hand, almost as if to steady himself, on the back of Mrs. Shackel's chair.

"I did not know they were to be back so soon. They have been on a voyage round the world since March."

His voice was firm, his manner perfectly self-possessed. He threw his head back on his slim shoulders! He would play himself gamely off the little stage of Arlemere, he said to himself. And this Nemesis which had overtaken him, this swift annihilation of his hopes and schemes, had always been a possible contingency. But he had so nearly pulled the thing off! Only an hour before Miss Evesmore had listened not unwillingly to his plea that, in consideration of his loneliness, their marriage might be hurried on.

As the band struck up for the next dance a maid came out of the house and approached him with a note on a salver. He read it hastily in the moonlight, crushed it into his pocked, and turned to Mrs. Shackel with a light laugh. "Talk of an angel! Mrs. Smythe regrets that she is unavoidably detained at home to-night!" He hesitated an instant. "You are sure you won't have an ice, Mrs. Hills?"

The young man bowed to the two ladies, and five minutes later was waltzing gaily with his fiancee.

* * * * *

"I never felt so disappointed in anyone or so humiliated in my life!" asserted Mrs. Larch, who, clad in an unbecoming morning gown of black alpaca and with a lace cap awry on her head, had burst in upon the astonished Shackels as they sat at breakfast two mornings after the ball. "I had grown quite fond of him, and he seemed so nice and such a thorough gentleman! It is really too dreadful!"

The matron was alluding to the tenant of Arabia Cottage, who, it appeared, had vanished during the previous night leaving notes for Mrs. Larch and Miss Evesmore which but little assuaged the wrath of one or consoled the other.

"I shall never believe in anyone again!" continued Mrs. Larch, dolefully. "To think that I actually introduced him to the Graye-Peakes and Lady Gaune! What will they say of me! And poor Isabel the laughing-stock of the place!"

"She seems to have had a fortunate escape," observed Mrs. Shackel, primly.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Too Busy to Work.

The way to command a good price is to never cheapen one's stock in trade. At least that is the principle adopted by an Ohio justice of the peace. This gentleman, says a writer in the Philadelphia Public Ledger, has missed his calling. Given his opportunity, he would soon make a name among the humorists.

An attorney in a neighboring city wrote to him to inquire about a judgment that had been entered against a client. He enclosed a stamp for reply. Several days later he received a postal card bearing this message:

"Your inquiry received. I beg to inform you that my time is mighty valuable just now. Corn cutting is most high here, politics is sizzling, and the bass fishing is fine. If you would enclose a dollar bill it might stimulate me some. I paid two dollars onct to a lawyer for answering a question, and all he said was 'No.'"

Intermittent Strength.

"Mrs. Jones, my husband says that your husband declared the other day at a political meeting that he felt strong enough to quell a riot."

"Humph! he may be that abroad, but when he is at home, he is too weak to put down even a carpet."—Baltimore American.

Lazy men are always willing to work—other men.

RAM'S HORN BLASTS.

Warning Notes Calling the Wicked to Repentance.

IT'S a poor kind of a barber who cannot make up a passable prophet to-day.

Hypocrites usually burst their borrowed hides by overloading their stomachs.

Strife over words is often mistaken for strenuous work, but only by the strife-makers.

Fear the fortune that makes you forget your God.

They who seek God's work find God in their world.

God does not furnish foundations on which to rest, but ones on which to build.

When a man gets red cobwebs on his cheeks the world takes him at his face value.

There is no use in a thing being touching unless it have a purpose in teaching.

The greed of one church does not promote the glory of the Lord of all the churches.

Facility in sentencing others is often offered as a substitute for our own fidelity in service.

The man with a large sense of his own importance is likely to be distinguished for general impotence.

NO ONE EVER STARVES.

This Was Asserted by a Doctor Who Died After Fasting.

Dr. Richard A. Terhune, the dean of the physicians of Passaic, N. J., by whom he was always spoken of affectionately as "Doctor Dick," died there of intestinal cancer. He had not eaten anything for over a month, and to the last bantered his brother practitioners on the fact that he was a living example of his pet theory that no one would die of starvation if he had plenty of water to drink, says the New York Times.

Dr. Terhune had always declared, and would argue on the subject whenever he had an opportunity, that persons who had died of what is called starvation were really the victims of fright, and had simply died because they were afraid they would and not from lack of food.

The aged physician, who was a stalwart man, became ill about seven months ago. He speedily diagnosed his ailment as intestinal cancer, and gave out a fatal prognosis of his own case. All the Passaic physicians and scores more from the neighboring towns and cities called on him in the months of his illness, and many suggestions as to treatment were made to him. He turned a deaf ear to all and only employed such palliative measures as suggested themselves to himself and his son, Dr. Percy A. Terhune.

About five weeks ago, "Doctor Dick" found that he could no longer retain food, and he gave up eating. Since that time nothing had passed his lips except water, and now and then a little medicine.

On Saturday night several physicians dropped in to see him, and he took the opportunity to enlarge upon his non-starvation theory.

"You see," he began, with a smile, "I cannot retain anything but water, and yet I am strong and able to move freely about in bed. I am proving my old theory that no one ever really dies of hunger. So-called death from hunger is simply due to terror, if there is plenty of water to be had.

"I will call to your attention the case of a young girl that came under my own observation. She was ill with a disease which was pronounced incurable by skilled physicians. That girl did not eat anything for forty-eight days except half a soda cracker a day. Did she die? Not a bit of it. On the contrary, she got entirely well, and in the forty-eight days when she did not eat she pursued the even tenor of her way, went to parties and danced, too.

"You know very well that doctors don't know so very much, after all," continued the old physician, shaking an admonishing finger at his auditors. "Nature does the work and we get the credit."

After bidding good-night to his callers, "Doctor Dick" went quietly to sleep and died at 4:30 o'clock the next morning.

Speaking as a Husband.

The ponderous statesman was at home, and, according to the Washington Star, talking over his speech of the evening with his wife.

"I know," he said, "that in the course of my remarks on the revision of the tariff I said some things which were not generally understood."

"How do you know that?" his wife asked.

"Because," he said, dropping his voice to a whisper, "I don't understand them myself."

Got Off Light.

The following conversation occurred after a recent trial in a county court:

"You say dey sent him up fer ten years?"

"Dat what dey done."

"En he had three lawyers?"

"He sho' did!"

"My, my!" the old darky exclaimed. "Ef he'd had six, dey'd 'a give him a lifetime!"—Atlanta Constitution.

We never like to see special trains carrying officials the same month that the pay of section hands has been reduced.

The Carroll Twins.

The Carroll twins were a pretty pair of little boys, who looked so much alike that their mother had been known to mistake one for the other. There was one wee difference, however—the difference of a dimple. Because of this, they were often called the "Twin-with-a-Dimple" and the "Other Twin," and people would make them laugh in order to tell which was which.

One day they went on an errand across the city. A cherry-tree hung over the sidewalk, and the Twin-with-a-Dimple gave a jump, and his hand came down with a cluster of bright red cherries in it. Then he heard a little noise the other side of the hedge, and he darted round the corner.

The Other Twin was not quick enough to escape a long arm that reached right through the hedge and clutched him. Then a tall, thin woman peered over, and said sharply, "So it's you that's been stealing my cherries, is it?"

"No, ma'am," answered the Other Twin, tremblingly.

The woman stared at him. There were no cherries in his hand, no stains on his lips. It was strange.

"The face I saw above the hedge looked exactly like yours," said the woman. "Are you sure you didn't pick any?"

"Yes, ma'am," replied the Other Twin, and he seemed so honest that the woman believed him.

"Was there another boy?" she asked.

"Yes, ma'am," came truthfully from the frightened twin.

"Well, I wish I'd caught the right one," said the woman, and then she let the Other Twin go.

When the Twin-with-a-Dimple heard his brother's story, he told him that he must do the errand alone, while he would go back to explain to the cherry woman.

So the Twin-with-a-Dimple said to the woman, "I'm sorry I picked that bunch of cherries. I didn't stop to think that they belonged to anybody. I will pay you for them as soon as I can earn some pennies."

"But you just told me it wasn't you who did it!" exclaimed the cherry woman.

"No, ma'am—yes, ma'am, I mean," stammered the Twin-with-a-Dimple; "that was my brother."

"Oh, it was your brother that took them, was it?"

"No, ma'am," and the Twin-with-a-Dimple struggled hard not to show it. "I mean I picked the cherries. My brother has gone on the errand, and I have come back to tell you how sorry I am."

"But why didn't you say so?" she asked.

"Because I wasn't there. It wasn't I before," and his dimple showed prettily now. "You see, we look just alike."

"I declare! Are you the Carroll twins?"

"Yes, ma'am, we are."

"Well, well! You're a real little gentleman to come and own up. I wonder if you wouldn't like to pick some cherries for me. If you will, you may have all you can eat."

So when the Other Twin came back he found his brother up in the tree, and for the first time they had all the cherries they wanted.—Youth's Companion.

Contentment.

Well, I reckon it's nice
  To be growed up tall,
To be a big man,
  And to know it all;
To be able to boss
  An' whip kids like me;
To go everywheres,
  And everything see;
To have your own cash,
  And spend it, too;
An' have nobody say
  "You sha'n't so-and-so do."
But without these things
  I'd much ruther be
A common poor kid—
  A nobody like me.
For while I don't count
  Pertickerly great,
I'm very well pleased;
  And wish fer to state
That times with me
  Are now purty fine;
For I am the bat
  Of the baseball nine.
So, while my head
  Ain't hooped yet you see,
I'm very well pleased
  At bein' just Me.

A Queer Sign.

The proprietor of a tanyard built a stand on one of the main streets of a Virginia town, for the purpose of selling leather and buying new hides.

When he had completed the building he considered for a long time what sort of sign to put up to attract attention to the new establishment. Finally a happy thought struck him. He bored an auger hole through the door post and stuck a calf's tail into it with the tufted end outside.

After a while he saw a solemn-faced man standing near the door looking at the sign, his eyes in a round, meditative stare behind his spectacles. The tanner watched him a minute, then stepped out and addressed him.

"Good morning, sir!" he said.

"Morning!" said the other, without taking his eyes off the sign.

"Want to buy leather?" asked the tanner."

"No."

"Got any hides to sell?"

"No."

"Are you a farmer?'

"No."

"Merchant?'

"No."

"Lawyer?"

"No."

"Doctor?"

"No."

"What are you then?"

"I'm a philosopher. I've been standing here for an hour trying to figure out how that calf got through that auger hole."

Schoolboys' Blunders.

Here are a few mistakes made by English schoolboys in their examination papers:

Teacher's dictation: "His choler rose to such a height that passion well-nigh choked him." Pupil's reproduction: "His collar rose to such a height that fashion well-night choked him."

"Political economy is the science which teaches us to get the greatest benefit with the least possible amount of honest labor."

"The sun never sets on British possessions because the sun sets in the west and our colonies are in the north and east."

"Blood consists of two sorts of corkscrews—red corkscrews and white corkscrews."

"A Job's comforter is a thing you give babies to soothe them."

"In the United States people are put to death by elocution."

Question—"Define the first person." Answer—"Adam."

Grammar Lesson.

A certain school teacher was recently trying to impress on the minds of her pupils, mostly very young girls, the fact that a plural subject requires a plural verb.

"Remember this," she said; "girls are, boys are; a girl is, a boy is. Now, do you understand?'

Every hand went promptly up.

"Well," continued the teacher, "who can give me a sentence with 'girls' in it—plural, remember?"

This time only one hand was raised.

"I can give one," said the little pupil. "Girls, are my hat on straight?"

You see how faithfully the dear little machine repeated the "girls are."

HERMIT OF A MAINE MOUNTAIN.

Love Episode Changed a Man's Plans of Life.

In the valley of the Crooked river, in Washington County, beyond the limits of the logging camps, lives Jack Wilbur, the hermit of the Peaked mountains, who for twelve years has dwelt in solitude in a log hut, says the New York World's Bangor (Me.) correspondent. Something of a mystery has always surrounded this slender, pale-faced recluse, whose physique does not seem calculated to withstand the hardships of a winter in the Maine woods and who in every way appears unfitted for the life which he has chosen to lead. It is known that Wilbur has to his credit $30,000 in a local bank, and this makes his conduct all the more inexplicable to those who know of his lonely existence.

The explanation has been provided this week by two lumbermen who have returned to Machias from a trip through the Crooked River valley and who partook one night of the hospitality of the hermit. They induced him to tell his story, and it is an unusual one.

The story follows:

"My home was in the West, and when I was still a boy my parents died and I was entrusted to the care of an uncle and aunt who lived in Montana. My new guardians did not like the additional burden which had been thrust upon them and my life with them was not pleasant. As I became older the slights became still more unbearable, and had it not been for the growing attachment between myself and their daughter, Mary Stoningham, I would have long before started out to find employment and, if possible, a less irksome existence.

"One night, when I was about 20 years old, I asked Mary if she would trust me, and wait for me three years. During tha time, I said, I would earn enough money so that we could get married and go east.

"'Yes, Jack,' she replied, 'I will wait for you three years, and I know I can trust you.'

"The story of my attempts to gain a living for the next two years is not of special interest, but at the end of that time I succeeded in buying a building lot of L. P. Small, who owned a large ranch in Southern California, and by whom I was employed. Natural gas was soon afterward discovered on the ranch and I sold my section of it for $30,000.

Looking for Just Such Food.

"I understand that you advertised for a stenographer and typewriter at $3 a week."

"I did."

"Hours 9 to 6?"

"Yes. Are you an applicant?"

"No, but my nerves are run down and I just wanted to inquire what nerve food you used."—Philadelphia Ledger.

At 30 a woman is willing to marry a man old enough to be her father, and at 50 she is just as willing to marry one young enough to be her son.

FARMERS AT COLLEGE

MANY GATHER AT PULLMAN FOR INSTRUCTION.

Specialists in Different Branches of Farm Work in Attendance to Deliver Addresses---Progress in Science of Agriculture Exemplified.

Pullman, June 9.—Fully 250 farmers from every part of the state of Washintgon are in attendance at the state farmers' meeting. Delegates began to arrive Thursday and yesterday morning, while many more came during yesterday.

At 9 o'clock yesterday all who had arrived at that time assembled at the college chapel in the administration building. President E. A. Bryan, of the state college, made an address welcoming the visitors and throwing open every department of the college to their inspection. After the address the usual chapel exercises were held and the association was presented to the base ball, track and basket ball teams

Members of the experimental staff scheduled to make ten minute talks on the work of their departments entered inton rather long addresses, occupying the greater part of the morning.

State Veterinarian Speaks.

Dr. S. B. Nelson, state veterinarian, the first on the program, made an address describing experiments in veterinary science and their effects. Dr. Nelson dwelt especially upon the great results being obtained in this department and on the great good that has been accomplished for the farmers of the state, and especially those living near the college.

Prof. O. L. Waller, head of the irrigation department, spoke next, giving a brief talk on what had been accomplished in irrigation, and on the training given members of his department along this line.

Prof. George Severance, professor of agronomy, was next with a talk on the experiments in argiculture. He told especially of results in plant breeding as carried out under his direction.

Professors Thornber, Melander and Beattie spoke on horticulture, on insect pests and on the work being done in botany respectively.

Shown Through Departments.

In the afternoon the farmers were conducted over the station grounds and through the departments and gave especial attention to the work being done.

In the evening Prof. Spillman, of the agricultural department at Washington, addressed the visitors on what is being done by the United States in agriculture. Prof. Spillman made a special trip to be present at this meeting.

A unique feature of the meeting is that every farmer is labeled with his name and address over his badge, thus enabling each to become acquainted with the other. The professors of the college are also labeled with their names and titles, so that all questions may be directed to them.

F. D. COBURN DECLINES KANSAS SENATORSHIP

Topeka, Kan., June 11.—Foster D. Coburn, who was on Monday last appointed by Gov. Hoch to be United States senator to succeed J. R. Burton, resigned, Saturday night announced that he had decided not to accept the appointment. Gov. Hoch immediately offered the vacancy to Judge A. W. Benson, of Ottawa.

In his letter to Gov. Hoch declining the appointment, Mr. Coburn says:

"As was my duty I have carefully deliberateld upon every aspect of the situation, and acting upon my knowledge of it and of myself, rather than the urgency of yourself and many friends, mutual and otherwise, I can reach no conclusion except the one indicated from the first, namely, that I must not accept.

"I am extremely fond of the work and the position with which the people of Kansas have intrusted me for so many years, and if continued in their service at all, no other can be so acceptable.

"There are many reasons, entirely clear to me but needless to enumerate, why I should not accept the senatorship, and one, all sufficient, is that doing so must inevitably involve me in political activity and combinations, if not factional strife, directly on account of self, or indirectly on account of others, for which I am without inclination, aptitude or strength."

BUILD STREET RAILWAY FOR NORTH YAKIMA

North Yakima, June 9.—A movement is on foot here to organize a syndicate of business men to build and operate an electric railway system for the city, and connecting with other parts of the valley. The business men who will enter the scheme will put up $100,000 and all needed above that amount will be raised by mortgage on the plant. At the next meeting of the council a franchise will be asked.

The citizens propose to build with the idea of turning the system over to the city at some future time for operation.

INSURANCE DECISION.

Fraternal Organizations Not Liable on Delinquent Policies.

Seattle, ,June 10.—The head camp of the Pacific jurisdiction of the Woodmen of the World, have won in the action brought against it by Luana Hutchins, who claims she should be paid a $2,000 policy.

Asa Hutchins, son of the Mrs. Hutchins who brought the suit, joined the order August 17, 1901. He was a member in good standing until February 1, 1903, when, after the camp, No. 69, had carried him through one month, and the secretary, C. A. Koepfli, had personally sustained his payments for another month the policy at last became delinquent with the head camp. Hutchins was injured February 6 and tried to pay his premium February 9. The secretary refused to accept the money, because he could not follow the usual rule and sign a certicfiate of good health. Hutchins died three days later.

The mother sued to recover on the ground that there was a custom long known to the head camp that a policy was upheld, even after it became delinquent, if the premium was paid in before the usual monthly remittance was sent to the head camp from the local lodge, about the 15th of each month.

In giving his decision, Superior Judge Hatch held that the clerk of the local camp had circumscribed powers, and that any course or custom followed between a clerk and a member, which would be ultra vires, would not be binding on the head camp unless known and ratified by it; further, that, even though there was such a general custom ratified by the head camp, it would have to be shown that such custom was known to and acted upon by Asa Hutchins before his beneficiary could obtain the amount of the policy.

WASHINGTON FARMERS INDORSE MEAT INSPECTION

Pullman, Wash., June 11.—That farmers and livestock men are not standing with the beef trust, but heartily endorse the attitude of President Roosevelt in probing the Chicago packinghouse conditions and exposing the same, was shown in a manner which leaves no doubt of how the farmers stand at the state farmers' convention here Saturday, when a resolution endorsing the attitude of President Roosevelt was passed unanimously amid shouts of approval. The resolution calls for stringent laws to enforce the recommendations made in his message to congress.

Farmers questioned ridicule the idea that they would stand with the beef trust or permit the low prices which may be feared the trust would bring about, to induce them to condemn the president's action.

The convention passed a resolution by almost unanimous vote, the same as passed by the Washington State Grange at Spokane, demanding legislation prohibiting saloons, pool rooms and billiard rooms within five miles of the Washington State college. C. B. Kegley, master of the state grange, spoke on the resolution, declaring that he had traversed the state from end to end and had been appealed to by parents of boys in the Washington State college to use his influence to dispense with the saloons in Pullman. Mr. Lichty, who presented the resolution, said that arrangements are being made for the hardest fight in the history of the state against the liquor traffic in the next legislature.

UNIVERSITY CAMPUS IS OFFERED FOR FAIR SITE

Seattle, June 9.—The board of regents of the University of Washington have offered to the exposition committee the use of the university campus as a site for the Alaska-Yukon exposition, subject to terms and conditions to be decided later. This action was taken at a meeting of the board held Thursday afternoon. The meeting was the annual meeting held for the purpose of conferring degrees on the new graduates, of hearing and acting on the annual report of President Kane and other officers of the institution, and of transacting any other business which does not come before the regular monthly meetings.

The exposition committee on grounds met with the board and asked that they take action in regard to the use of the university grounds as an exposition site. Following the request a resolution was introduced by Judge Nash and passed by the board. The resolution follows:

"That this board is in favor of granting the free use of the university grounds to the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition for the purpose of an exposition in 1909 upon terms and conditions to be hereafter agreed upon; and that a committee of this board be appointed to confer with the directors of the exposition and report back to this body."

President Powell was appointed chairman of the conference committee and F. D. Nash and J. T. Ronald the other members.

Contest for Sheriff's Office.

Portland, June 11.—Sheriff Word has served formal notice upon Sheriff-elect Robert L. Stevens of his intention to contest the election held in this county on Monday last. In his notice to the circuit court of intention to file suit, Word expresses his belief that irregularities and errors were committed in each of the ninety precincts of the city.

ARE READY TO DIG

LAKE WASHINGTON CANAL AWAITS BOND ISSUE.

Promoters Say they Are Ready to Begin Work Within Thirty Days After Terms are Complied With---Bond Election Expected Soon.

Seattle, June 13—"Thirty days after King County passes the bond deal guaranteeing us the return of $500,000 on the cost of the cnaal construction, our canal company will have two big dredgers at work, one at the Salmon bay end, the other at the Lake Union end, digging the Lake Washington ship canal."

So said James A. Moore yesterday shortly after his arrival home from Washington in the interests of the passage of the canal bill by congress. Speaking in detail of the forthcoming canal construction, Mr. Moore further said:

"Now that the canal has passed both houses of congress and has been signed by the president, the next step is for the King county commissioners to call a special election to provide that bonds in the sum of $500,000 shall issue for the construction of the canal is completed and accepted. I judge that the Chamber of Commerce will at its next meeting request the county commissioners to call such an election.

In Ninety Days.

"The statutory time for which such an election must be advertised is, I believe, sixty days. Hence, when I say that our dredgers will be at work within a month after holding a special election, I mean that within ninety days from date actual work of excavation will be under way on the canal.

"Lake Washington is to be lowered seven feet to the level of Lake Union. This means that the annaul overflow of the lake will never occur again, nor will the Duwamish valley be flooded as in days gone by through the lake water backing up into the Black river. Many thousands of acres of new land will be created by this lowering of Lake Washington.

"There will be no lock between Lake Washington and Lake Union. The latter body of water will remain at its present level. The lock will beat the head of Salmon bay. To expedite matters two general dredging contracts will be let simultaneously and the two dredgers will work on different sections of the canal. The vast amount of water to be drained out of Lake Washintgon will be let into Lake Union by degrees and will be passed through Lake Union into the sound as rapidly as possible.

Deal for the Site.

"Tomorrow I shall meet the officials of the Kirkland Land Company with regard to closing up the deal for the site for the big steel and iron works. As heretofore announced, we have an option on all of the holdings of the company. I believe the papers will all be signed tomorrow. The present townsite of Kirkland will be our town site.

PRESIDENT SIGNS.

Lake Washington Canal Bill Is Now a Law.

Washington, June 13.—The president has signed the Lake Washintgon canal bill, and in case the interests represented by James A. Moore carry out the scheme as pronposed by congress the construction of the waterway is assured.

There is no doubt in the minds of thoughtful legislators that this bill irrevocably commits the federal government to the Lake Washington canal project. The government is bound by the action of congress to maintain the waterway after three years have passed subsequent to its completion.

A considerable commerce will undoubtedly be developed and congress will not be in a position to turn a deaf ear to the commercial interests at a time when they may demand that the canal be deepened and improved so as to admit vessels of deepest draught.

ECONOMY NECESSARY.

Dowager Empress Issues Long Edict to Officials.

Peking, June 13.—China is in bad financial straits. The expenses of the government are multiplying without increased revenues. The pay of the new army is considerably in arrears, and a great percentage of desertions is resulting.

The dowager empress has issued a long edict, impressing on all officials the necessity of economy. The edict is addressed to the people, and attempts to justify the course of the government. It says that no one appreciates so much as the throne the sufferings of the people from the taxation necessary to meet the great foreign indemnity and new government projects, which have been increased by the disfavor of heaven in failing to send rain.

Idaho Wool Sales.

Boise, Idaho, June 13.—At the wool sales here Monday held by the Idaho Wool Growers' Association, nearly half a million pounds were sold at prices ranging from 18½ to 20⅝ cents.

Fight to Finish.

Columbus, O., June 11.—The joint conference of the Ohio miners and operators adjourned in a disagreement. Both sides declare that the fight is now on to a finish.

SAILORS LOCKED OUT

WAGE TROUBLE AT SAN FRANCISCO BECOMES ACUTE.

United Shipping and Transportation Association Defies the Sailors Union---Consequences Likely to be Far-Reaching and May Spread to Other Classes.

San Francisco, June 8.—All work on the water front ceased at 11 o'clock yesterday morning. The United Shipping and Transportation Association threw down the gauntlet to the sailors' union and through that body to the water front federation by ordering a lockout of all members of the federation.

What threatened to be the strike of sailors against the owners of the steam schooners has become a lockout on the part of all shipping. The big steamship companies have been directed not to receive freight. The stevedores have been discharged and not a man is at work.

In spite of the warning that had been given, the news of the lockout occasioned great surprise on the water front. It was not believed the association would go to such lengths at this time, and the men were all at work when the order was published. At the Pacific Mail dock 150 stevedores were engaged in loading the Korea. As quickly as the order was received they were directed to quit and return later for their pay. On the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's wharf the same steps were taken.

The owners of the steamships against whom the demand was directed took their vessels over to Oakland creek and left them there.

The consequences of the lockout are too far-reaching to be foreshadowed. The order sent out by the association simply directs that all steamship companies shall cease handling freight until further orders. This means that the ships are to be left idle without regard to the demands of commerce.

At this time, when every available resource of the city is needed in handling the thousands of tons of freight that must come here for the rebuilding of the city, the situation could not be graver.

Tie-Up on Grays Harbor.

Aberdeen, June 8.—The wage dispute begun in San Francisco by the sailors on the coastwise steam schooners has extended to this end of the line, the steamer Grace Dollar being tied up immediately after her arrival here. Her crew of eight sailors left her, but the cook and engineer waited to see what action their unions would take. All other steam schooners arriving here will probably be tied up as they come in.

THREATENS TO INCLUDE ALL COAST STEAM CRAFT

Seattle, June 8.—The lockout instituted by the sailors' union, of San Francicso, is spreading rapidly and threatens to include every employe of the steam crafts on the Coast, unless an agreement is reached soon. At this time the steamship workers are becoming involved in San Francisco, and while local steamers are not being delayed the effects are being felt not only here but in every city on the sound. The lumber business is probably crippled more than any other, but shippers declare there is considerable trouble in getting the supplies which should be received from California.

The lockout was originally instituted by sailors on steam schooners, who demanded an increase of $5 a month in wages. Reports received from San Francisco are to the effect that other employes are becoming involved and a number of steamships as well as schooners are tied up. Shippers are hoping that the strike will be settled before the lockout reaches here, but admit that the matter is at such a stage now that their troubles may soon begin in earnest.

PACKERS CONVICTED; RAILROAD ON TRIAL

Kansas City, Mo., June 13—Armour & Co., Swift & Co., Cudahy & Co., and the Nelson Morris Packing Company were found guilty in the United States district court here of accepting concessions from the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad on export shipments of packing house products.

Judge Smith McPherson, of Red Oak, Ia., the presiding judge, stated that sentence would not be assessed until the case against the Burlington railway, which is charged with granting the concessions to the packers, is concluded.

In the railroad case both sides agreed to a statement of facts, in which it was admitted that a contract existed between the Burlington company and the packers by which the freight of the latter was to be carried at a through rate of about 49 cents from Kansas City, Kan., to Liverpool and other foreign points. It was also agreed that no such rate was published and filed with the interstate commerce commission.

The defense will be that, if the railroad was guilty of anything it was guilty of failure to publish its contract rate. It will be claimed that no regular rate was in existence, and hence could not be departed from.

Maplelawn, Model Dairy Farm of W. H. Paulhamus

ARTICLE NO. 1.

Owing to the universal interest being manifested in better milk conditions, the editor of this paper has arranged to present to the readers, three photographs covering the sanitary barn just completed by Mr. W. H. Paulhamus, of Sumner, Wash. Sumner is a small town on the Northern Pacific road, between Tacoma and Seattle. Any of the readers desiring to inspect Maplelawn Farm, will be welcome, and every effort expended to explain the different departments of this well known farm. Maplelawn milk is bottled on the farm and shipped to Seattle and Tacoma twice each day. In the former city, it is handled by Mrs. E. W. Andrews, wife of the president of the Seattle National Bank. In Tacoma, by Miss Edith Rowe. Both of these ladies handle the milk for the good of their respective cities, and not for the profit derived from the same.

The photograph presented in this issue shows the interior of the barn from the rear to the front. It contains 40 stalls, and is a one-story building with no feed kept overhead. The building is 400 feet long, 35 feet wide, the front end of which is one foot higher than the back end, so that the drainage will be perfect. The floor at both sides is three inches higher than the gutters so that each stall has a drop of about two inches to five feet. The stalls at one end of the barn are five feet long, and at the other end 4 feet six inches, so that the longest cows are in one end, and the shortest ones in the other.

The feeding aisles are five feet six inches at one end of the barn, and five feet at the other, extending in front of each row of cows. The barn itself has a great many windows so as to give excellent light. The interior of the building is lined with cedar shiplap, and all of the interior painted with cold water paint. The stalls are 42 inches wide from center to center, and the partitions are all gates hanging on three hinges. The only tie used is the chain shown behind. When the cows are turned out, it is necessary to have the first cow back over the gutter, then the gates are opened and the balance of the cows can come out through the other stall head first without any trouble. The side and end walls are four inches thick, filled with sawdust, which is very cheap in this country. The ventilators used are known as the King system. The cold and impure air being the heaviest drops to the floor, therefore, the outgoing ventilators start from the floor and are two feet square, (similar to a fire place in a house), and go through the roof in the same manner as a chimney. The incoming air is brought in close to the ceiling in six-inch pipes made of wood. The warmth from the cow's body forms the fulcrum which causes a constant circulation of the incoming and outgoing air.

As will be seen by the picture, the center of the barn is of cement, which extends to the last eight inches of the stalls, therefore, the hind feet of the cows are on cement, the balance of the floor under the cows and in the fedeing alleys, is of ordinary two-inch fir, about three-fourths kiln dried, tongued and grooved. It is partly kiln dried for the reason that it is necessary to scrub out daily, and if the material was too dry, it would buck up under the cows.

Mr. Paulhamus feeds nothing but alfalfa hay, which is shiped from east of the mountains, baled, therefore, he keeps a week's supply in a room in the front end of the barn to the left, which is 11x26 feet. Opposite this room, and in the corner, is his milk room. He has a tin drum that is inserted through the wall at each milking, and as fast as a bucket of milk is drawn, it is poured through the wall over the cooler, which is reached by the two steps shown in the picture.

Next to the milk room is a sleeping room for one of his milkers, which contains an ordinary air tight stove with a coil of water pipe inside, which keeps a constant supply of hot and cold water for the men to wash with, and to be used in case of an inflamed udder.

A supply of cold water paint is kept on hand, and by touching up the woodwork once each week, it is kept in excellent condition.

Next week's issue of this paper will present a photograph of the barn partly filled with cows, and the following week a photograph of the milk room and the cooling apparatus used.

Interior of barn from back to front, showing gates open on one side and closed on the other. No feed kept overhead. King system of ventilation used which takes the cold impure air out from the floor. Fresh air comes in through six-inch pipes near ceiling. Impure air goes out through two ventilators 24 inches square, starting from the floor and extending through the roof like a chimney. Floor in center, gutters and eight inches of stall is made of cement. Balance of stall and floor made of 2-inch lumber, kiln dried. Front end of barn is 12 inches higher than rear end, which gives good fall for liquid manure and washing. Through the wall near the front window can be seen a very heavy tin drum that conveys the milk into the cooling room. After the milk is drawn from each cow it is immediately poured into this drum which conveys it over a Star cooler reducing the temperature to less than 50 degrees within one minute after drawn from the cow, thus retarding the bacteria growth immediately. Barn holds 40 cows, being all that two men can take care of properly. Stalls 38 inches wide in the clear. Length of stalls vary from 54 inches at one end of barn to 60 inches at the other end. Large cows in longest stalls. Size of barn 35x100. Have a room 11x24 in front end that holds 60 day's supply of mill feed, and 7 day's suply of baled hay. Cost of barn $1,500.00.

Corwin Arrives at Nome.

Seattle, June 11.—The steamer Corwin reached Nome on the night of May 31, according to advices received here. The message also stated that the steamer had a splendid trip and made the run from Dutch Harbor to Nome in four days. Navigation really opened in the Bering sea May 2, which is far earlier than has occurred for a number of years past. The weather is excellent and the break up considered permanent.

Puter in Jail at Portland.

Portland, June 9.—S. A. D. Puter, indicted for connection with the land frauds in this state, and an important witness in the case of the government against Representative Binger Hermann, has arrived in Portland from California in charge of a federal government agent, and has been turned over to the authorities of Multnomah county and lodged in the county jail. An effort will be made by Puter's friends to secure his release on bail.

Cattle-Sheep War On.

Spokane, June 11.—A Lewiston, Idaho, dispatch to the Spokesman-Review says that meager details are at hand of an alleged serious war between sheep and cattle men on the Salmon river, eighteen miles from White Bird. The rumor is that cattlemen, who resented the advent of sheep on the ranges hitherto used exclusively by stockmen, fired 1,000 shots into the bands at A. T. Davis' ranch, slaughtering 200 sheep.

51,146 Persons Run New York City.

New York, June 8.—It took 51,146 persons to run the government of New York City last year. That is the official figure from the city's payroll. The salaries paid to these employes was $64,264,547.62.

Attempted Bribery Charged.

Madison, Wis., June 13.—Secretary of Steate W. L. Houser, has been arrested charged with attempted bribery of a state officer. He was immediately released on bail.

7

Bars of Armour's Happy Day Soap for

25 Cents

7 bars for 25c. We guarantee this soap to be the best brown soap. If you will study the white soap question you will find the greatest fake in soaps; they are sold only to give you less for your money. Swear off on white soap and get your money's worth by buying Happy Day Soap.

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

'PHONE 38

J. C. HANSEN. C. E. CUSHING

— THE —

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FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1906.

THE FIRST STREET GRADE.

The mayor's message clearly demonstrates one thing at least: the mayor is nothing if not an optimist. He has an abiding faith in the great future before Port Angeles.

The present level of First street, if continued on Laurel to the rear of the Aldwell Block, strikes the Tribune-Times building about two feet below the roof. The former established grade would raise First street yet another ten feet!

The question is one upon which there is a considerable diversity of opinion. We have talked with a number of business men whose opinions, it so happened, had not been asked by the mayor, and most of them are in favor of maintaining First street as it is today. They believe Front street might be raised a trifle, perhaps, but the necessities of wharfage will not demand any very material change. Should the time ever come when the tide flats must be filled in to accommodate the terminal business of great railroads, a raise of a few feet may be necessary. Even should a dumping place be required for the rock excavated from the Angeles-Victoria tunnel, it could better be used in widening the spit, thus furnishing sites for additional mills and factories.

While one cannot help but admire the optimism shared to a greater or less extent by us all, yet it must be remembered that the extreme optimism of our people has often been detrimental in results. Many thousands were squandered on a water and light scheme planned for a large city, and the affair is only a memory. Other thousands on a street extension which is a disgrace to the town. More on useless cuts either side of Tumwater. Still more on Front street grade, without which, the city's business interests would have gotten along very nicely. We have a cemetery lost miles out in the timber. Ward schools are not centrally located, and one, a handsome building, way off on Ennis creek, is boarded up while Central school is crowded. The big brick hotel is another shining example. And there are others. Meanwhile we are paying heavy interest on a debt years will be required to cancel, and we have little in the way of results.

The optimism of the American people makes life worth living. But it must be rightly applied. It will not cause investors to build stone buildings if ten foot ladders are required to reach the entrance; nor will they build with a certainty of losing the first floor by a rise in grade.

Permanent business blocks must come before the town can make a growth sufficient to warrant the expenditure of one or two hundred thousand dollars in an eight or ten foot raise of streets.

If we, by virtue of our natural resources coupled with railroad facilities, are to grow into a thriving city like Everett, for instance, First street will be found sufficiently high as it is today. If an eight foot raise of Front street and the wharves be necessary at some future time, it will still leave a sensible grade. If, however, one has visions—and many have—of the metropolis of the Northwest being located on Angeles bay, these buildings and their entire cost, like the Washington Hotel, will be but minor items in the day's work.

The old grade, it is said, was established by parties interested in hill property, who wanted to throw the expense of grading Laurel and other streets on the owners of First and Front street property. Those interests are dead. We, living in the present, know the grade from First to Second will not be impossible, because such grade will extend back to Fourth or Fifth.

If the proposed change is not the best for the entire city, give us one that will be, and yet be within bounds of reason for a small city. The "future metropolis" can adjust its own affairs.

Industrial W. of W.

J. H. Walsh, national organizer for the Industrial Workers of the World, will lecture in the opera house Saturday evening and Sunday afternoon and evening, 23rd and 24th. Tho Angeles has only two unions, the Shingle Weavers and the Longshoremen, everyone will want to learn of the new movement to unite all organized labor into one great union.

A trim ankle is shown to its greatest perfection, and a plump one is made neat by the Western Lady shoes, which have a style that is the envy of all competitors. Sold only by S. J. Lutz & Co. at the standard price of $3.

It now looks as though we would not get a war vessel for the Fourth. The Chicago, and possibly other vessels of the Pacific Squadon, will be here soon after July 4.

"Vienna" Sausage 10c the can, at Seevers Cash Store.

Evidence of Prosperity

There is no better evidence of the prosperity of a community than the businsss of its local postoffice. When the cash receipts of the postoffice are on the right side of the ledger, the country is prosperous. In the readjustment of salaries of postmasters for the coming postal year, beginning July 1st, Major Harding comes in for a raise—from $1600 to $1700. This required an increase of a thousand dollars in the cash receipts of the office during the past year. The salary of a postmaster of the third class is based entirely upon the amount of business transacted; i. e., the total amount of the postal receipts of the office for the year in the sale of stamps, stamped envelopes, cards, etc.; the money order business is not taken into account. When the salary of a postmaster reaches the sum of $1700 the business of the office must reach $5000 and not exceed $6000 per year.

There is every indication of an increasing business during the present year. With two new postoffices to be established in the county on July 1st—one at Kale and one at Mt. Pleasant, making four star routes out of Angeles—and the railroad possibilities, there is no reason why the Angeles office should not trot in the second class within two years. A further increase of business to the amount of $2000 will do it.

The visionary grade of Front street, preventing any move on the part of interested citizens for improvement of that roadway, has been the cause of more righteous wrath to the business men in summer and to the ladies of the town in winter, than any other feature of life in Port Angeles.

Every thousand dollars invested in permanent buildings now is worth more to the future of the city, and to the people now living here, than a hundred thousand will be years hence.

Hereafter the "opened by mistake" excuse will be a mistake that will cost $200. The postoffice department has ruled that mail must be looked over before leaving the office, and that any letter put in your box by mistake must be returned before leaving the postoffice under a penalty of $200 for failure to do so.

Mr. E. E. Beamont has been appointed resident agent of the Oxie Remedy Co., of Augusta, Maine. Mr. Beaumont has given the medicine a thorough test and will answer all inquiries. Address, E. E. Beaumont, P. O. box 425, Port Angeles.

Probate No. 336.

Probate Notice

In the Superior Court of Clallam county, State of Washington.

In the matter of the estate of William A. Nichols, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of William A. Nichols, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, on the 28th day of May, 1906, by the Superior Court of Clallam county.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance at the law office of James G. McClinton at Port Angeles, Washington, within twelve months after the date of this notice or they shall be forever barred.

Dated this the first day of June, 1906.

JOSEPH KRAJEWSKI,
Administrator.

FITZGERALD'S MARKET

Port Angeles' Leading Meat Shop

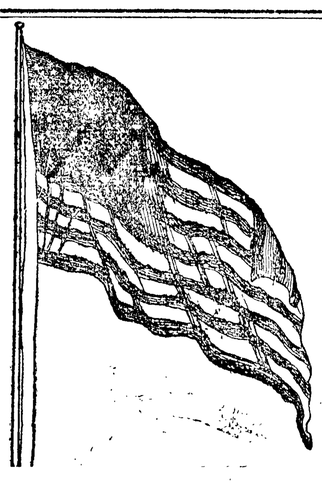
Clean, fresh and wholesome. Choice stock of fresh and salt meat. All vegetables in season.

Children coming to market will be accorded the same fair treatment as their elders.

Three doors west of Bank of Clallam County.

JAMES FITZGERALD
PROPRIETOR.

We'll all have a thumping good time on the **Fourth of July**



But we will first go to the **Times Clothing Mart** to get rigged out

Port Angeles Great Emporium for All Men's Wear

CLOTHING

Our Immense Stock of Boys' and Men's Clothing will be on sale for this month only at the greatly reduced rate of

10 per cent Off

the regular price.

MEN'S

First class mixed goods, union made and reliable goods, **$4.50 to $10.00**

Best worsted goods, latest cut and style, in black, blue, brown and greys, **10.00 to 15.00**

Best all wool suits, sewn with silk all over, the newest goods,.....**15.00 to 22.00**

Men's odd pants 1.90 to 6.50

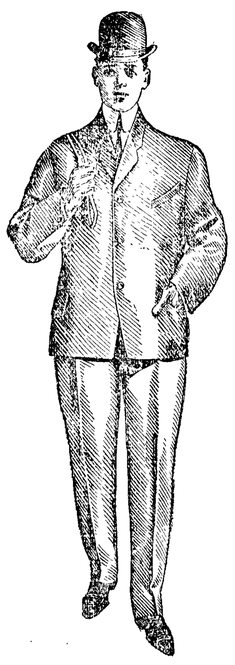
BOYS'

Knee pant suits from **2.95 to 6.00**

Boys' Fourth of July summer washing suits, sizes 4, 4, 7, and 8, only, ...**95c**

Boys' odd knee pants, any size, per pair, ...**50c**

Boys' fine duck washing waist dressed,.....**65c**



SHOES

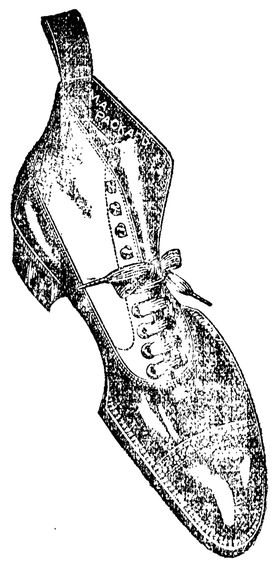
Nowhere in town can you get the selection of footwear that you can at the Times Clothing Mart. Everything from an infant's shoe to the largest size men's logging shoes.

Men's Fine Dress Shoes from 2.00 to 4.50.

Men's Short Working shoes 1.25 to 3.00.

Men's High Working shoes 2.75 to 5.50.

Men's Oxford Ties, half shoes, 1.25 to 3.50.



We've a line of **$3.75 Men's Dress Shoes** in Vici, Calf, aand Patent, the new last with military heel, shape as cut, at 3.50 and 3.75.

Ladies' Dress Oxfords 1.25 to 2.00.

Ladies' High Shoes for street wear, 1.50 to 3.50.

The **Ladies' "Juliet"** shoes with cork sole and rubber heel at 1.75 a pair are a boon to all who suffer from their feet.

FURNISHINGS

Our line of Underwear, Socks, Shirts, etc., was never in such good variety and shape as now. Our stock of Ties in beautiful colors and cute designs has become a by-word Call and see for seeing is believing.

Men's Four-in-Hands 25c
The Hook-on Kind 25c
The Bows, from .....10c up

Our stock of Gloves is very complete. Everything you could desire from a thin cotton glove to a heavy leather working glove with double front.

Canvas Gloves
2 pair 15c

DRY GOODS

Heavy Flannellette.....12½c
White Outing 8⅓c
Lonsdale Muslin 10c
Colored Outing.....8⅓c
All fancy Dress Ginghams reduced to 10c yard, well worth 15c
Apron Gingham 7c
Best Calico.....6c
Silkolene 12½c

For a little while we will sell the **35c grade of Ladies Underwear for 25c** a garment, 50c a suit. Come early and get your size.

American Lady Corsets
$1 a pair
the same grade as the other stores sell for 1.25 and 1.50.

Khaki Clothing
$2.00 Suit
Coat and Pants

FLAGS

Large assortment of Flags in all Sizes from 5c to 50c with sticks

Tri-Color and Stars and Stripes Decoration
Bunting 5½ cts
a yard. Order early before it is all gone.

Do not wait, but order your
MADE TO MEASURE SUIT
Now. Be in time.

TIMES CLOTHING MART